REPORT

Tonkin+Taylor





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Table of contents

1	Introd 1.1 1.2 1.3	•	on of subdivision al setting	1 1 1 2
2		works op Contract Construc		4 4 4 5
3	3.1	Subsoil d Undercu Palisade	ts	7 7 7 7 8
4	Stabil	lity analys	is	10
5	Proje 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11	ct evaluat General Post eart Bearing o Building 5.4.1 5.4.2 Settleme Earthwor Subsoil d Stormwa Service li Road sub Topsoil	tion / building design considerations hworks investigations capacity for building foundations limitation zones Reinforced earth slope Stage 5 western boundary and Palisade wall 4 12 nt tks and retaining walls rainage ter nes ogrades 14	 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 13 14 14
,	5.12	Expansiv		14
6 7 8	Appli	ment of p cability ences	rofessional opinion as to the suitability of land for building developmen	20 21
Appe	ndix A	:	Woods drawings	
Appe	ndix B	:	T+T drawings	
Appe	ndix C	:	Contractors certificates	
	ndix D		NZS 3604.2011 Expansive soils (extract)	
	ndix E		CSIRO – BTF18 – Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowners Guide	
Appe	ndix F	:	Test results	

Executive summary

Tonkin + Taylor Ltd (T+T) was engaged by WFH Properties Ltd to monitor and provide earthworks certification for the 45 No. Residential Lots and 1 No. Super Lot contained within Stage 5 of Arrans Hill Precinct 5 at the Millwater Subdivision in Silverdale. Stage 5 comprises Residential Lots 54 to 78, and 174 to 195, Super Lot 803, Reserve Lots 604 and 802, and Road Lot 904 (part of Godfrey Drive and Davey Crescent within Stage 5) inclusive as shown on the Woods Final Surface As–Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05-100–AB) in Appendix A.

Previous geotechnical investigation work across the subdivision was undertaken by T+T and reported in:

- a) 2000 and 2001 Preliminary feasibility reporting (Ref. 1 and 2).
- b) 2003 Major reconnaissance report covering land in the Silverdale North and Orewa West areas (Ref. 3).
- c) March 2013 Geotechnical Investigation Report for the North Bridge to Grand Drive (Ref. 4).
- d) December 2015 Geotechnical Investigation Report for Arrans Hill Precinct 5 (Ref. 5).

Woods Ltd (Woods) undertook the engineering design for Stage 5 and the overall subdivision.

Subdivision earthworks commenced from February 2018 through to July 2019 under the control of Hick Bros Civil Construction Ltd (Hicks). Civil earthworks and construction for the residential Lots were under the control of JG Civil Ltd (JGCL) and were undertaken progressively from July 2019 through to completion in December 2019.

Key Stage 5 earthworks components included:

- a) Stripping of vegetation, organic materials and topsoil to stockpile.
- b) Installation of subsoil drains.
- c) Removal of uncontrolled Motorway fill material at base of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 and within Lots 75 to 78 as shown in Woods Cut & Fill As–Built Plans (Woods Ref 37505–05–110-AB to 112–AB) in Appendix A.
- d) Construction of 2 No. Palisade Walls as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- e) Construction of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 along the northern boundary of Lots 54 to 58, and 63 to 66, and Reinforced Earth Slope 4 along the southern boundary of Lots 174 to 181 as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- f) Construction of a Vegetated Reinforced Earthbatter along the western boundary of Lots 66 to 78 as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- g) Cut to fill earthworks across Stage 5 as shown on Woods Cut & Fill As–Built Plans (Woods Ref 37505–05–110-AB to –112–AB) in Appendix A.

Key Stage 5 civil works components included:

- a) Minor cut to fill earthwork across parts of the site as part of Lot development.
- b) Installation of roading and services.

Overall subdivisional soil types are highly expansive (Site class H1), based on laboratory testing undertaken in accordance with AS 2870:2011 (Ref. [7]). Due to this classification, soils lie outside the definition of good ground within NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. [8]). Building foundations will require either specific foundation design for expansive soils or foundation design in accordance with AS 2870:2011 (Ref. [7]). Subject to geotechnical constraints outlined in Section 3, and CSIRO recommendations

outlined in the Appendices relating to expansive soils foundation design and home owner maintenance, all the residential Lots within Stage 5 are considered to have a building platform area that is generally suitable for domestic residential development subject to specific geotechnical assessment and foundation design due to the presence of expansive soils and where Lots contain, or are adjacent to, land with slopes steeper than 1 in 4 (V:H).

Foundation design for residential development should proceed in accordance with Sections 6.5 to 6.10 of this report.

1 Introduction

1.1 General

Tonkin + Taylor Ltd (T+T) was engaged by WFH Properties Ltd to monitor and provide earthworks certification for the 45 No. Residential Lots and 1 No. Super Lot contained within Stage 5 of Arrans Hill Precinct 5 at the Millwater Subdivision in Silverdale. Stage 5 comprises Residential Lots 54 to 78, and 174 to 195, Super Lot 803, Reserve Lots 604 and 802, and Road Lot 904 (part of Godfrey Drive and Davey Crescent within Stage 5) inclusive as shown on the Woods Final Surface As–Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05-100–AB) in Appendix A.

Previous geotechnical investigation work across the subdivision was undertaken by T+T and reported in:

- a) 2000 and 2001 Preliminary feasibility reporting (Ref. 1 and 2).
- b) 2003 Major reconnaissance report covering land in the Silverdale North and Orewa West areas (Ref. 3).
- c) March 2013 Geotechnical Investigation Report for the North Bridge to Grand Drive (Ref. 4).
- d) December 2015 Geotechnical Investigation Report for Arrans Hill Precinct 5 (Ref. 5).

The scope of work covered by this geotechnical completion report includes:

- a) Review of geotechnical investigation reporting for the site;
- b) Monitoring and certification of earthworks operations in compliance with NZS 4431:1989 (Ref. 6), including undercuts and construction of 2 No. reinforced earth slopes (Reinforced Earth Slope 8 and Reinforced Earth Slope 4);
- c) Monitoring and certification of construction of 2 No. Palisade Walls (Palisade Wall 4 and part of Palisade Wall 5);
- d) Assessment of soils for expansive conditions in accordance with AS 2870:2011 (Ref. 7);
- e) Certification of completed Lots for residential development in accordance with NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8).

Woods Ltd (Woods) undertook subdivision engineering design and civil works construction observations. As-built plans showing final contours and cut and fill depths have been prepared by Woods and are attached in Appendix A.

1.2 Description of subdivision

The Millwater subdivision is situated to the north of the Silverdale Township, and west of the Metro Park East reserve area, and comprises approximately 260 hectares. The subdivision is bound to the south and west by Wainui Road, to the north by the Orewa Estuary and to the east by the Orewa Estuary and Millwater Parkway. The original site comprised a mix of farm properties and associated dwellings and existing residential developments.

The Arrans Hill Precinct 5, Stage 5 area of the Millwater subdivision is located within what is known as Precinct 5 in the Orewa West Structure Plan. Arrans Hill Precinct 5 area is bound by State Highway 1 to the west, Grand Drive to the north, Arran Drive to the east, and the Orewa estuary to the south. The situation of Arrans Hill Precinct 5 and Stage 5 is shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–100 in Appendix B.

Pre-development gradients within the Stage 5 were gentle to moderately steep (1 in 3, to 1 in 5 (V:H)) dipping north and south from the slope crest in the southern part of Stage 5. Postdevelopment gradients have generally reduced the angle of the slope within the Lots to a gentle gradient (1 in 10, to 1 in 3 (V:H)). In order to form more level building platforms, steep reinforced earth slopes of between 1 in 2 and 1 in 1.5 (V:H) have been constructed as shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.

1.3 Geological setting

Published geological mapping and information indicates the Arrans Hill Precinct 5 area is underlain by East Coast Bays Formation (ECBF) materials (Figure 1.1). In addition to the ECBF materials, our investigations identified the presence of alluvial and colluvial materials on site along the stream margins (Ref 4 and 5).



Figure 1.1: Local Geology (from Edbrooke)

Summary descriptions of geological units in the Arrans Point area (after Kermode 1991) are as follows:

a) East Coast Bays Formation

Alternating sandstone and mudstone with variable volcanic content (volcanic-poor lower in the sequence and mixed volcanic content higher) and interbedded volcaniclastic grit beds. This material typically shows a well-developed weathering profile of clay, silt or sand depending on the parent lithology.

b) Pleistocene Age Alluvium and Colluvium

Alluvium and Colluvium are generally observed on the lower slopes, along the edges of the tidal tributaries of the Orewa River - along the southern and eastern boundary of the site. In places, it is locally discontinuous or absent.

The alluvial deposits are typically very thinly to very thickly bedded, yellow-grey to orange-brown, angular to well rounded, mixed sizes (usually graded, coarse becoming fine upwards) of mud, sand and gravel, comprising rock fragments and weathered rock residue from the hinterland. They include some beds of black, humus-rich clay and white, pumice silt.

Colluvium closely resembles the undisturbed residual soil materials, comprising a mix of clayey silts and silts, but is often of lesser strength due to the deformation and disturbance that has occurred during transportation down-slope.

Geological cross-sections through the Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Stage 5 area, based on site investigations and observations during construction, are enclosed as T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–103 to – 105 in Appendix B.

Fill material placed across the site to form the final design profile typically comprised site-won East Coast Bays Formation materials.

2 Earthworks operations

2.1 Contractors and plant

Bulk earthworks were undertaken by Hick Bros Civil Construction Ltd (Hicks). Various areas of soft and/or wet materials were encountered during the works and were undercut and replaced with engineered fill. Much of this undercut material was considered suitable for re-use as engineered fill if conditioned appropriately. Accordingly, mixing of the cohesive fill materials with lime/cement to facilitate fill placement and compaction was undertaken by Hiway Stabilizers Ltd (Hiway) under Hicks' control.

Construction of the two palisade walls was undertaken by ICB Retaining and Construction Ltd (ICB), also under Hicks' control.

Civil works construction was completed by JG Civil Ltd (JGCL).

Various earthworks equipment was used to undertake the works, comprising motor scrapers, articulated dump trucks, tractors and discs, sheepsfoot compactors, padfoot rollers, and several 12 to 35 tonne excavators. This plant generally carried out all construction earthworks.

Specialist contractors and plant were brought on site for pavement construction. Certification of the pavement construction is beyond the scope of this report.

2.2 Construction programme

Subdivision earthworks commenced from February 2018 through to July 2019 under Hicks' control. Civil earthworks and construction for the residential Lots were under JGCL's control, and were undertaken progressively from July 2019 through to completion in December 2019.

Key Stage 5 earthworks components included:

- a) Stripping of vegetation, organic materials and topsoil to stockpile.
- b) Installation of subsoil drains.
- c) Removal of uncontrolled Motorway fill material at base of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 and within Lots 75 to 78 as shown in Woods Cut & Fill As–Built Plans (Woods Ref 37505–05–110-AB to 112–AB) in Appendix A.
- d) Construction of 2 No. Palisade Walls as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- e) Construction of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 along the northern boundary of Lots 54 to 58, and 63 to 66, and Reinforced Earth Slope 4 along the southern boundary of Lots 174 to 181 as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- f) Construction of a Vegetated Reinforced Earthbatter along the western boundary of Lots 66 to 78 as shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B.
- g) Cut to fill earthworks across Stage 5 as shown on Woods Cut & Fill As–Built Plans (Woods Ref 37505–05–110-AB to –112–AB) in Appendix A.

Key Stage 5 civil works components included:

- c) Minor cut to fill earthwork across parts of the site as part of Lot development.
- d) Installation of roading and services.

The earthworks, undercuts, palisade walls, reinforced earth slope and subsoil drainage as-built plans are included in Appendix A and Appendix B.

2.3 Compaction control

Compaction control criteria, consisting of maximum allowable air voids and minimum allowable shear strengths, were used for cohesive fill control. The Technical Specification included in our Geotechnical Investigation Report (Ref. 4 and 5) included the following requirement for the subdivisional earthworks:

Minimum Shear Strength and Maximum Air Voids Method

Minimum Undrained Shear Strength (Measured by insitu vane - IANZ calibrated)

<u>General fills:</u>	
Average value not less than	140 kPa
Minimum single value	110 kPa
High Strength Structural fills (Undercu	ts & Reinforced Earth Fill Slopes):
Average value not less than	150 kPa
Minimum single value	120 kPa
<u>Maximum Air Voids Percentage (as de</u>	efined in NZS 4402:1986)
General fills:	

<u>Correctar mis.</u>	
Average value not more than	10%
Maximum single value	12%
High Strength Structural fills (Undercuts	& Reinforced Earth Fill Slopes):
Average value not more than	8%
Maximum single value	10%

The average corrected shear strength value was determined over any ten consecutive tests.

Compaction control criteria consisting of minimum allowable Clegg Impact Values and minimum allowable in–situ dry density were used for cohesionless fill control. The Technical Specification included in our Geotechnical Investigation Report (Ref. 4 and 5) included the following requirement for the subdivisional earthworks:

 Minimum Clegg Impact Value and Minimum In Situ Dry Density Method

 Minimum Clegg Impact Value (Measured by Clegg Impact Hammer – IANZ calibrated)

 General fills:

 Average value not less than
 20

 Minimum single value
 18

 Minimum In-Situ Dry Density Percentage (as defined in NZS 4402:1986)

 General fills:

 Average value not less than

 95%

The average Clegg Impact value was determined over any ten consecutive tests.

Regular in situ density, strength and water content tests were carried out on the filling at, or in excess of, the frequency recommended by NZS 4431:1989 (Ref. 6). Test results are contained in Appendix F.

90%

Quality Control (QC) testing showed that the results for the filling were consistently meeting the required undrained shear strength, Clegg Impact value, density and air voids criteria, demonstrating that the water content of placed fill was consistently at, or close to, optimum. To the best of our knowledge, any problems encountered were rectified, where required, by close monitoring of the selection of borrow materials, discing and remixing of the available soil types and minor reworking.

Minimum single value

6

3 Geotechnical development works

3.1 Subsoil drainage

Subsoil drains were installed across Arrans Hill Precinct 5, Stage 5 during bulk earthworks as part of construction of Reinforced Earth Slope 8, Reinforced Earth Slope 4, and in areas of fill placement to create a level building platform. The subsoil drains installed were excavated into the underlying in-situ soil to intercept groundwater and springs.

Subsoil drains installed as part of the reinforced earth slope construction comprised the following:

- a) 160mm diameter perforated Hiway grade Nexus drain pipes installed along the base of the rear of the reinforced soil block.
- b) A minimum of 300mm cover of SAP50 scoria placed over the top of the Nexus pipe and across the entire rear face of the reinforced soil block, to within 2.0 metres of the ground surface (at time of construction).
- c) Bidim A19 geotextile filter-cloth placed over the surface of the SAP50 scoria prior to placement of the reinforced soil to prevent contamination of the drainage aggregate with overlying bulk earthworks materials.

The subsoil drains outlet along Grand Drive or a tributary of the Orewa River, as shown on the Woods Undercut And Subsoil Drain As–Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05–120–AB) in Appendix A and on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–102 in Appendix B.

3.2 Undercuts

Multiple undercuts were excavated across Stage 5 to improve ground conditions across the stage.

At the toe of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 a 2m deep and 5m wide (minimum) undercut was excavated into residual soil with an undrained shear strength greater than 75kPa to ensure a consistent subgrade. Uncontrolled Motorway Fill was discovered in the northwestern area of Stage 5 during the excavation for the undercut of Reinforced Earth Slope 8. Uncontrolled Motorway Fill overlying a buried topsoil layer was also discovered along the western site boundary within Lots 75 to 78. All Uncontrolled Motorway Fill was removed. The undercut was replaced with engineered, compacted fill, placed in accordance with the bulk earthworks specification (Section 2.3 above).

Undercut 1 was excavated at the western end of Reinforced Earth Slope 4 across Lots 178 to 181. The undercut was replaced with engineered, compacted fill, placed in accordance with the bulk earthworks specification (Section 2.3 above).

In addition, 0.6 - 1m deep undercuts were excavated to expose more competent soils (minimum shear strength of 75kPa) across the Residential Lots and Super Lots in Stages 5 due to exposure of some areas of unsuitable subgrade materials (i.e. soft and wet). The undercut was replaced with engineered, compacted fill, placed in accordance with the bulk earthworks specification (Section 2.3 above).

The extent of the undercut areas is shown on the Woods Undercut And Subsoil Drain As–Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05–120–AB) in Appendix A.

3.3 Palisade walls

Two Palisade Walls were constructed within Stage 5 to provide satisfactory factors of safety against slope instability, shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–101 in Appendix B. Palisade Wall 4 was constructed along the western boundary of Residential Lots 65 to 74. Palisade Wall 5 was constructed along the toe of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 along the northern boundary of Lots 54 to 58. Both walls were constructed during bulk earthworks.

Palisade Wall 4 was constructed of 6m long 250UC73 steel piles at 1.5m centres in 20MPa concrete. Piles were installed in 600mm diameter bored pile holes. The top the steel pile is 1m below finished ground level.

Palisade Wall 5 comprises 6m long 250UC73 steel piles installed at 1.8m centres encased in 600mm diameter concreted holes.

Drilling for the palisade wall pile bores was inspected and logged by an Engineering Geologist to check that the base of the piles had been extended sufficiently to the target material.

Ground conditions exposed during construction of Palisade Walls 4 and 5 were generally as anticipated from the design stage of the development. The slope stability analysis results from the original design phase are discussed in Section 4.

3.4 Reinforced earth slopes

Reinforced Earth Slope 8 and Reinforced Earth Slope 4 were constructed during bulk earthworks phase of the development of Stage 5.

The foundations of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 are composed of engineered fill material from undercut and part of Palisade Wall 5, as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 3.3, and presented on T+T Drawing 21854.0031-111 to 112 in Appendix B. The foundations of Reinforced Earth Slope 4 are composed of engineered fill material, presented on T+T Drawing 21854.0031-110 in Appendix B.

The reinforced earth slopes comprise horizontally laid biaxial geogrids placed at 0.5m (vertical) intervals within the engineered, compacted earth fill. The grids extend up to within 1.5 (vertical) metres of the slope crest. The geogrid has been placed at various lengths between 2 to 14m long, starting at the face of the slope.

Typical cross–sections of the reinforced earth slopes are shown on T+T Drawings 21854.0031– AHP5S5–110 to –112 in Appendix B.

The placement of the geogrid allows steeper finished gradients than is possible with bulk fills and will minimise risk of instability across the face of the slope, particularly where finished gradients across the slopes are up to 1 in 1.5 (V:H).

Construction of the slope comprised the following:

- a) place drainage pipes and scoria blanket as required;
- b) placement and compaction of fill, or excavation within natural ground, to the required levels;
- c) placement of the geogrid, ensuring that the grid is held tightly in place;
- d) spreading of fill across the surface of the geogrid with lightweight plant;
- e) compaction and placement of further fill up to the level of the next grid layer.

The fill was placed and compacted beyond the limit of the final slope face and then trimmed back to ensure full compaction of the slope face was achieved.

As noted in Section 3.1, a drainage blanket was installed at the rear of the reinforced block of soil and comprises a minimum of 300mm thickness of SAP50 scoria, covered in Bidim A19 geotextile filtercloth and a cap of engineered cohesive fill 2m in thickness. A 160mm diameter perforated Hiway grade Nexus drain pipe was installed at the base of the drainage blanket and provides regular discharge outlets for any groundwater captured in the drainage blanket.

The slopes have been designed to accommodate surcharge of up to 10kPa distributed load at the crest of the slopes.

The slope faces will be subject to a planting covenant and Building Limitation Zone preventing construction within this area. Protection of the geogrids from damage also precludes construction across the slope faces and immediately adjacent to the slope crest. Accordingly, a Building Limitation Zone has been applied across the slopes (See Sections 5.4).

4 Stability analysis

Observations and monitoring were undertaken during bulk earthworks construction to confirm that the ground conditions exposed were consistent with the assumptions made in the stability analyses.

We are satisfied that the design stability analyses remain valid for the completed works on the following basis:

- a) the exposed ground conditions generally conform to those assumed for design;
- b) the as-built profiles match design levels;
- c) the earthworks monitoring shows compliance with specified criteria, upon which fill properties have been based.

5 Project evaluation / building design considerations

5.1 General

Ground conditions within the Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Stage 5 areas straddle a range of "design conditions" including cut ground, filled ground, expansive soils and constructed slopes up to 1 in 1.5 (V:H). The following sections set out relevant geotechnical design recommendations.

5.2 Post earthworks investigations

Following the completion of earthworks operations, T+T have undertaken supplementary fieldwork to confirm the consistency of the natural subsoils and engineered fill. From the investigations, we confirm that the subsoils are considered to have a geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity of 300kPa, as required by NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8). This corresponds to a factored (Ultimate Limit State) bearing capacity of 150kPa and working (Serviceability Limit State) bearing capacity of 100kPa. Associated borehole logs and site plan (T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–121) are attached in Appendix F.

5.3 Bearing capacity for building foundations

From the investigation described in Section 5.2, we consider that all filled and natural ground within the site is assessed as generally having a geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity of 300kPa, as required by NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8). This corresponds to a factored (Ultimate Limit State) bearing capacity of 150kPa and working (Serviceability Limit State) bearing capacity of 100kPa.

Due to the presence of expansive soils, foundation conditions fall outside the definition of "good ground" contained in NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8). In terms of AS 2870:2011 (Ref. 7), the soils present are considered to lie within Site Class H1 (highly expansive) with characteristic surface movements anticipated to be 40-60mm. Due allowance should be made for expansive soils, as discussed in Section 5.12.

Where a geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity greater than 300kPa is required to support any dwelling constructed outside the scope of NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8), further specific site investigation and design of foundations will be required.

5.4 Building limitation zones

5.4.1 Reinforced earth slope

The steep slope across Lots 54 to 58 and Lots 63 to 66, and Lots 174 to 181 have been constructed as Reinforced Earth Slope 8 and Reinforced Earth Slope 4 respectively, with face gradients of between 1 in 1.5 and 1 in 2 (V:H). Construction within the flatter parts of these Lots is intended, and a Building Limitation Zone (i.e. "No Build Zone") has been developed across the steeper sections of the Lots to ensure that the reinforcement of the slopes is not detrimentally affected by future development. The extent of the Building Limitation Zones associated with the RE Slopes are shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–120 (Building Limitation Plan) in Appendix B. Excavation, fill placement and/or construction within this zone is not permitted.

Where slopes exceed gradients of 1 in 2 (V:H) we understand that slope protection, in the form of "Enkamat" or "Geocells" have been anchored to the face of the Reinforced Earth Slopes to function as a protective reinforcing layer for the topsoil and plant root system. The "Enkamat" or "Geocells" have been anchored to a "deadman" which is located within the Lot at the top of the slope. To ensure the anchor points are not damaged a no build zone extending 1m from the anchor points into the Lots has been delineated. This is shown on the Woods Reinforced Earth Batter & Slope

Stabilisation Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05–140–AB) and the Woods Deadman Covenent Diagram (Woods Ref 37505-05-123 to -124) Appendix A.

Vegetation on slopes that are 1 in 4 (V:H) or steeper is recommended to reduce the potential for shallow slope instability and to minimise surface erosion. Where gradients are 1 in 4 (V:H) or steeper, there is potential for minor shallow creep of the topsoil layer. However, such creep is considered unlikely to detrimentally affect the global stability of the slope.

5.4.2 Stage 5 western boundary and Palisade wall 4

During initial investigations it was found the western boundary of Stage 5 did not have an adequate factor of safety to prevent instability. To ensure the stability of the slope, Palisade Wall 4 has been constructed along the western boundary within Lots 65 to 74. A no build zone has also been delineated 5m back from the western site boundary across Lots 66 to 78, where a Vegetated Reinforced Earthbatter has been constructed. The extent of the Building Limitation Zones along the Stage 5 western boundary is shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–120 (Building Limitation Plan) in Appendix B.

5.5 Settlement

From our inspections during earthworks operations, the results of compaction quality control testing, and post construction survey monitoring, we consider that differential settlement induced by self-weight of engineered fill should now be largely complete. Further settlements should be within normally accepted design tolerances of 25mm, as outlined in NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. [8]), with respect to conventional building development.

Monitoring points were installed across the top of the Reinforced Earth Slope 8 following completion of the construction works of the eastern section. The monitoring commenced in August 2018 and is ongoing at this date. The monitoring shows that while settlements of up to 16mm have occurred, there has been negligible movement since March 2019.

Construction of the eastern section of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 was completed in May 2019. settlement monitoring of this section of Reinforced Earth Slope 8 began in November 2019 and is ongoing at this date. No significant movement has been observed since monitoring began.

Monitoring points were installed across the top of the Reinforced Earth Slope 4 following completion of the construction works. The monitoring commenced in May 2019 and is ongoing at this date. The monitoring shows that while settlements of up to 16mm have occurred, there has been negligible movement since September 2019.

In order to minimise the risk of ground settlements exceeding 25mm, NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. [8]) allows a maximum fill surcharge of 600mm over the building platform during future development. Filling in excess of this thickness should be subject to specific foundation design and assessment.

5.6 Earthworks and retaining walls

All earthworks and retaining wall construction on the lots should comply with all requirements of the Resource Management Act (1991), the Building Act (2004) and the Auckland Unitary Plan.

All temporary and permanent cuts exceeding 1.5m in height, including cuts to be retained, should be specifically investigated by a suitably qualified geotechnical professional to confirm that the stability of the subject (or adjacent) Lot is not detrimentally affected. Retaining walls greater than 1.5m in height should be specifically investigated and designed by a Chartered Professional Engineer practising in geotechnical engineering.

Fill greater than 0.6m thick, and all fill proposed to be beneath structures (including hardstanding areas), should meet the requirements of NZS 4431:1989 – Code of Practice for Earthfill for Residential Development, and should include adequate stripping, benching, and underdrainage.

All fills greater than 0.6m thickness should be investigated and designed by a Chartered Professional Engineer practising in geotechnical engineering or by an experienced Engineering Geologist. The Engineer should consider the effect of the earthworks on global stability, i.e. the effect of the works on the stability of the lot and on the stability adjacent lots.

Due to the relatively shallow grades across most of the Stage 5 Lots, it is not anticipated that significant retaining walls will be required. However, if walls are required, then retaining wall design will be dependent on the site specific requirements. For preliminary retaining wall design, we recommend the use of the following geotechnical design parameters for the retained soils:

- $\gamma = 18 \text{ kN/m}^3$,
- c' = 0 kPa,
- Ø' = 30°,
- $K_a = 0.30$,
- K_p = 3.33,

We recommend an undrained shear strength, "Su", of 50kPa for the embedment soil (subject to confirmation during construction).

These values are based on level ground above and below the wall and will require appropriate amendment to allow for slope, traffic and other surcharges or toe slopes and the specific lot geometry and development requirements, as applicable.

All retaining walls should include a layer of free draining granular fill (with geotextile over the top) immediately behind the wall covered with a 0.3m thick (minimum) compacted clay fill cap, with intercepted groundwater seepage piped into the reticulated stormwater system.

5.7 Subsoil drainage

Following undercutting during bulk earthworks, groundwater subsoil drainage was installed at select locations using Nexus subsoil drains covered in scoria and geotextile cloth to permanently handle ground water flows.

The extent of the subsoil drainage systems are shown on the Woods Undercut And Subsoil Drain As– Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05–120–AB) in Appendix A, and on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5– 102 in Appendix B.

This subsoil drainage system is relatively deep and located so that it is unlikely to be encountered during future residential site development and is expected to be maintenance free. Any deep excavations should take account of the presence of these subsoil drains. If a drain is encountered, damaged, or identified as defective, repairs should be observed by a Chartered Professional (Geotechnical) Engineer familiar with this report, and notified to Auckland Council.

5.8 Stormwater

Public stormwater services have been installed within Arrans Hill Precinct 5, Stage 5. Stormwater and runoff from roofs, decks and paved areas, together with discharges from future retaining wall drains and other subsoil drainage must be connected directly into the public stormwater drainage network.

5.9 Service lines

Trench backfill has been compacted to minimise potential for future settlements. However, where building envelopes lie adjacent to or across service lines, all foundations should extend and be founded below the 45 degree zone of influence line from pipe inverts. This requirement is to avoid excessive pipe surcharges, and to allow for future maintenance of the system without detrimentally affecting adjacent structures. Subject to approval from Auckland Council, foundations may extend and bridge over service lines provided specific foundation design is undertaken.

A copy of the Stormwater and Wastewater As–Built Plans (Woods Ref 37505–05–300–AB to –306–AB and –400–AB to –406–AB) are included in Appendix A.

5.10 Road subgrades

Based on the fill monitoring and site observations during development, filled and natural ground within the road and vehicle access Lots is considered generally suitable for the proposed residential pavements. Subgrade strength testing was carried out following excavation to formation levels along the road alignments. These subgrade test results were passed on to Woods for use in their pavement design. All road subgrades have been lime and cement stabilised to assist in pavement strengths, and to minimise the impact of expansive soils on road pavements.

For future road construction in other parts of the Arrans Hill Precinct 5, Stage 5 development, within natural ground, a design CBR of 2% is considered appropriate while, within engineered fill areas, a design CBR of 7% is appropriate.

5.11 Topsoil

Following completion of topsoil spreading and grassing, topsoil depths were measured in a representative number of the Lots and these are shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–122 attached in Appendix F. Due to variations in placement depths and earth worked surface levels, topsoil depths may vary from those recorded.

5.12 Expansive soils

Expansive soils (or "reactive soils" using Australian terminology) are clay soils that undergo appreciable volume change upon changes in moisture content. The reactivity and the typical range of movement that could be expected from soils underlying any given building site depend on the amount of clay present, clay mineral type, and proportion, depth and distribution of clay throughout the soil profile. Moisture changes tend to occur slowly in clays and produce swelling upon wetting and shrinkage upon drying.

Apart from seasonal moisture changes (wet winters / dry summers) other factors that can influence soil moisture content include:

- a) Influence of garden watering and site drainage;
- b) The presence of large trees (especially fast growing Australian species such as eucalyptus) close to building envelopes, and;
- c) Initial soil moisture conditions at construction time.

Visually, the surfaces of expansive soils are noted for developing extensive cracking during dry periods (especially late summer through autumn in Auckland) and can be locally identified by this feature when sites are excavated and left for a week or two to dry out. Further information on expansive soils is given in Appendix D and Appendix E of this report.

In order to assess for the presence of expansive soils within these stages of the development, representative soil samples were retrieved from near surface strata and tested by Geotechnics Ltd to determine soil shrinkage characteristics in accordance with AS 1289.7.1.1.

Based on the laboratory results (attached in Appendix F), the foundation soils on these stages of the subdivision lie outside the definition of 'good ground' as outlined in NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. [8]).

In terms of AS 2870:2011 (Ref. [7]) and based on experience, the soils present are considered to be Site Class H1 (highly expansive) with characteristic surface movements anticipated of approximately 40-60mm.

On this basis foundation design may be carried out in accordance with AS 2870 or in accordance with NZS 3604 provided that in this latter case the minimum foundation depth below cleared ground level following topsoil removal and benching of building platform areas is 750mm.

Accordingly, building foundations on this stage of the subdivision will need to be subject to specific foundation design by a Chartered Professional Engineer familiar with the contents of this report and responsible for design of structural elements (including foundations) of the building. Reference should be made to AS 2870:2011 (Ref. [7]) for assistance.

6 Statement of professional opinion as to the suitability of land for building development

I, Mr A.P. Stiles of Tonkin + Taylor Ltd, P O Box 5271, Wellesley St, Auckland, hereby confirm that:

- 6.1 I am a Chartered Professional Engineer experienced in the field of geotechnical engineering and an authorised representative of Tonkin + Taylor who was retained by WFH Properties Ltd as the Geotechnical Engineer on Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Stage 5 (comprising residential Lots 54 to 78, and 174 to 195, Super Lot 803, Reserve Lots 604 and 802, and Road Lot 904 inclusive) of the Millwater Residential Subdivision Development off Arran Drive in Silverdale. Inspection and observation of the works have been carried out during construction by either myself or staff acting under my direction.
- 6.2 The extents of investigations are described in Tonkin + Taylor Ltd Geotechnical Investigation Report for Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Ref. No. 21854.0031 dated December 2015. The conclusions and recommendations of those documents have been re-evaluated in the preparation of this report. Details of all earthworks control tests performed are enclosed (Appendix F).
- 6.3 The Contractor has confirmed that the work undertaken has been completed in accordance with the drawings, specifications and any variations issued and is consistent with the inspections and observations carried out by Tonkin + Taylor Ltd. Complete Construction Certificates have been provided by the Contractors and are presented in Appendix C. Tonkin + Taylor Ltd accepts no liability for any errors or omissions represented by those documents.
- 6.4 On the basis of our observations and inspections together with the information supplied by others, including the Contractor's Construction Certificates, it is my professional opinion, not to be construed as a guarantee that:
 - 6.4.1 The earth fills shown on the attached Woods drawings, Project No 37505, Millwater, Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Stage 5, Drawing Numbers 37505–05–100–AB, –110–AB to – 112–AB and –120–AB, have been generally placed in compliance with NZS 4431:1989 (Ref. 6).
 - 6.4.2 The completed earthworks give due regard to land slope and foundation stability considerations.
- 6.5 For Lots 54 to 78, 174 to 195, and Super Lot 803, inclusive:
 - 6.5.1 Foundation design

The filled and natural ground within residential Lot boundaries is considered generally suitable for the erection thereon of light timber framed, flexibly clad residential buildings subject to clauses 6.6.2 to 6.6.6.

6.5.2 Bearing capacity

Foundation design for these Lots should limit geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity to 300kPa (factored (ULS) 150kPa, working (SLS) 100kPa). This is as specified in NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8).

6.5.3 Expansive soils

Due to the presence of expansive clay soils, foundation soils lie outside the definition of 'good ground' in NZS 3604:2011 (Ref. 8). Soils are considered to lie in within Site Class H1 (highly expansive) as defined in AS 2870:2011 (Ref. 7) with anticipated characteristic surface ground movements of 40-60mm. Clause 6.6.3.1 of this

Geotechnical Completion Report may be used for expansive soil foundation design on this subdivision:

6.5.3.1 Specific foundation design for expansive soils

Specific foundation design should be undertaken by a Chartered Professional Engineer familiar with the contents of this report and responsible for design of structural elements (including foundations) of the building.

The minimum specific design requirements set for expansive soils within this clause are:

- i) Minimum foundation embedment of 750mm following topsoil removal and benching of building platform areas to finished ground levels;
- ii) Four bar steel reinforcing cages should be used;
- iii) For buildings having brittle exterior cladding, for example brick veneer, stucco plaster, solid plaster, block work, styrofoam type cladding or sprayed plaster over harditex systems etc, the potential effects of seasonal ground movements need to be considered by the building designer.

The above minimum requirements within this clause may be superceded if individual engineers are able to demonstrate their specific design solutions are applicable to site soil conditions to the satisfaction of Auckland Council. Specific design may be undertaken by first principles or by reference to AS 2870:2011 (Ref. 7), Section 4 and related documents.

6.5.4 Floor Slab Construction

Slab on grade construction is expected to be relatively straightforward across the subdivision, but problems can occur with slab construction on shrink/swell sensitive soils. In soils which become desiccated in summer, subsequent capillary moisture rise may cause dry soils to wet up and swell, causing slab uplift and building distress. Alternatively, construction during winter may result in subgrade soils with high moisture contents drying out through summer, with subsequent soil shrinkage and possible building deformation.

The structural engineer should take likely construction timeframes into account and confirm that their design and construction methodologies will accommodate the soil shrinkage or swelling that may occur.

The Contractor should ensure that the ground beneath the floor slab areas is suitably conditioned to ensure that the subgrade is neither too dry nor too wet prior to hardfill placement and concrete pouring to avoid undue shrink or swell movements.

6.5.5 Building maintenance - Owners responsibility

The owner is responsible for maintenance of the building and site and should be familiar with the performance and maintenance requirements set out in CSIRO sheet BTF18 Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Home Owners Guide. A copy of this sheet is included in Appendix E.

6.5.6 Retaining walls / Earthworks

No earth cuts and/or retaining wall construction in excess of 1.5 metres height, and no earthworks involving fills in excess of 600mm depth, or fill below the influence zone of foundations, should take place on these Lots unless endorsed by a suitable design undertaken by a Chartered Professional (Geotechnical) Engineer familiar with the contents of this report and responsible for design of structural elements of the building.

- 6.6 For Lots 54 to 58, 63 to 66, and 174 to 181 inclusive:
 - 6.6.1 These Lots contain a "Building Limitation Zone" relating to the reinforced earth slopes which forms the 1 in 1.5 to 1 in 2 (V:H) slopes along the Lot boundaries. The Building Limitation Zone is shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–120 in Appendix B. Excavation, filling and/or construction within this zone is not to be undertaken, to ensure stability of the slopes is not compromised.
 - 6.6.2 The presence of geogrids within the reinforced earth slopes is brought to the attention of future building and services designers. The topmost grid is located between 1 to 2 metres below the surface at the top of the slope, and does not generally extend more than 2 metres back from the crest of the slope. It is not expected that the grids will be encountered during future development of this Lot, however, the presence of the grids should be recognized. Any exposure and/or damage and subsequent repair to the grids during any future development must be observed and certified by a Chartered Professional Engineer (Geotechnical) familiar with the contents of this report.
 - 6.6.3 Design of the reinforced earth slopes have assumed a maximum distributed load of 10kPa (dead plus live loads) up to the edge of the Building Limitation Zone.
 - 6.6.4 Any cut or fill walls greater than 1.5m retained height, or of any height within 2m of the Building Limitation Zone shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–120 in Appendix B, will require a geotechnical assessment, as a minimum, to ensure stability of the subject or adjacent Lot is not detrimentally affected.
 - 6.6.5 Development outside of the Building Limitation Zone may proceed in accordance with the recommendations outlined in Sections 6.5.
- 6.7 For Lots 65 to 78 inclusive:
 - 6.7.1 These Lots contain a "Building Limitation Zone" relating to the slope stability along the Stage 5 western boundary and Palisade Wall 4. A Vegetated Reinforced Earthbatter constructed along the Lot boundaries. The Building Limitation Zone is shown on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–120 in Appendix B. Excavation, filling and/or construction within this zone is not to be undertaken, to ensure stability of the slopes is not compromised.
 - 6.7.2 Development outside of the Building Limitation Zone may proceed in accordance with the recommendations outlined in Sections 6.5.
- 6.7 Underfill (Subsoil) drainage

Underfill (Subsoil) drains have been installed during subdivisional development in the locations shown on the Woods Undercut And Subsoil Drain As–Built Plan (Woods Ref 37505–05–120–AB) in Appendix A, and on T+T Drawing 21854.0031–AHP5S5–102 in Appendix B. These drains are considered to be maintenance free. This drainage system is relatively deep and located so that it is unlikely to be encountered during future residential site development. Although future works are unlikely to encounter the drains, their location should be considered prior to designing deep foundations and, if damaged, repairs should be observed

by a Chartered Professional (Geotechnical) Engineer familiar with this report, and notified to Auckland Council.

6.8 Stormwater and Sanitary Sewer Lines

Where building envelopes lie adjacent to or across service lines, all foundations should extend and be founded below the 45 degree zone of influence line extending from pipe inverts. This requirement is to avoid excessive pipe surcharges, and to allow for future maintenance of the system without detrimentally affecting adjacent structures. Subject to approval from Auckland Council, foundations may extend and bridge over service lines provided specific foundation design is undertaken. A copy of the stormwater and sanitary sewer as-built plans are included in Appendix B.

6.9 Road and Access Lots

Based on the fill monitoring and site observations undertaken during site development, the filled and natural ground within Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Stage 5 is considered generally suitable for residential road and accessway construction. Scala penetrometer testing should be undertaken when road subgrades have been prepared to confirm subgrade strengths. Subject to such subgrade testing, for future road construction in other parts of the Stage 5 development, within natural ground, a design CBR of 2% is considered appropriate, while within engineered fill areas, a design CBR of 7% is appropriate.

6.10 Unexpected ground conditions

Our assessment is based on interpolation between borehole positions, site observations and periodic earthworks control visits. Local variations in ground conditions may occur. Although unlikely, unfavourable ground conditions may be encountered during site benching and footing excavations. It is important that we be contacted in this eventuality, or in the event that any variation in subsoil conditions from those described in the report are found. Design assistance is available as required to accommodate any unforeseen ground conditions present.

This suitability statement relates to the general suitability of the site; it does not remove the need for specific site investigation, design and inspection as required by the Building Code, NZS 3604:2011 and NZS 4431:1989.

7 Applicability

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client WFH Properties Ltd, with respect to the particular brief given to us and it may not be relied upon in other contexts or for any other purpose, or by any person other than our client, without our prior written agreement.

Tonkin & Taylor Ltd

Report prepared by:

James Smith Engineering Geologist

Report prepared by:

Jason Kelly Project Manager

JASM

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Authorised for Tonkin & Taylor Ltd by:

Andrew Stiles Project Director

8 References

- 1 Tonkin & Taylor Ltd., October 2001. Stoney Block, T+T Ref. 18214.
- 2 Tonkin & Taylor Ltd., May 2001. Silverdale Blocks, Silverdale, Geotechnical Issues Future Medium Density Development, T+T Ref. 18213.
- 3 Tonkin & Taylor Ltd., November 2003. Silverdale North and Orewa West Blocks, Silverdale, Geotechnical Issues – Future Medium Density Development, T+T Ref. 20914.
- 4 Tonkin & Taylor Ltd., March 2013. Millwater North South Link, North Bridge to Grand Drive, Geotechnical Investigation Report, T+T Ref. 21854.012.
- 5 Tonkin & Taylor Ltd., December 2015. Millwater Subdivision Arrans Hill Precinct 5 Geotechnical Investigation Report, T+T Ref. 21854.0031.
- 6 New Zealand Standards, 1989. NZS 4431:1989 Code of Practice for Earth Fill for Residential Development.
- 7 Standards Australia, 2011. AS 2870:2011 Residential slabs and footings.
- 8 New Zealand Standards, 2011. NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings.

COUNCIL:



CLIENT:

MILLWATER - ARRAN HILL STAGE 5 ASBUILTS DRAWINGS

December 2019







DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION PORTRAYED ON THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE SOLELY USED AS THE BASE DATA FOR THE PURPOSES OF 224C APPLICATION TO COUNCIL. WFH PROPERTIES LTD AND WOOD AND PARTNERS CONSULTANTS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY BUILDING DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION WORK BASED ON THIS DRAWING FILE.

WOODS Engineers. Surveyors. Planners. Urban Designers. Architects.

MILLWATER - ARRAN HILL **STAGE 5**

CONTENT INDEX AND LOCALITY PLAN

SHEET	NO.	SHEET TITLE
37505-05-	000	Plans Index and Location Plan
37505-05-	100	Final Contour Asbuilt Plan
37505-05-	110-112	Cut & Fill Asbuilt Original to Final Surface
37505-05-	120	Shear Key, Undercuts & Subsoil Drains Asbuilt Plan
37505-05-	123-124	Deadman
37505-05-	140	Slope Stabilisation Plan
37505-05-	200-203	Roading Asbuilt Plans
37505-05-	300-306	Stormwater Asbuilt Plans
37505-05-	400-406	Sanitary Sewer Asbuilt Plans
37505-05-	600-602	Watermain Asbuilt Plans







DISCLAIMER.

DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION PORTRAYED ON THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE SOLELY USED AS THE BASE DATA FOR THE PURPOSES OF 224C APPLICATION TO COUNCIL. WFH AND WOOD AND PARTNERS CONSULTANTS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY BUILDING DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION WORK BASED ON THIS DRAWING FILE.









NOTES

1. NEW CONTOURS ARE AT 0.25m INTERVALS

LEGEND

 CONTOURS MAJOR
 CONTOURS MINOR
 EXISTING CONTOURS MAJOR
 EXISTING CONTOURS MINOR
 STAGE BOUNDARIES
 LOT BOUNDARIES

REVISION DETAILS			BY	DATE	
1	ISSUED I	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			12/12/19
SU	RVEYED	WOODS	WOODS Ltd		
DE	SIGNED	MB	LEVEL 1 BUILDING B, 8 NUGENT STREET, GRAFT AUCKLAND 1023		
DR	AWN	SK			
CHECKED		AC	09 308 9229		229
APPROVED		MB	WOOD	S.CO.N	Z



ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

FINAL CONTOUR ASBUILT PLAN SHEET 1 OF 1

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	1
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-100-AB	





NOTES

1. CONTOURS ARE AT 0.5 METRE INTERVALS

LEGEND

 ZERO CONTOUR
 CUT CONTOUR
 FILL CONTOUR
 STAGE BOUNDARIES
 LOT BOUNDARIES

REVISION DETAILS			BY	DATE	
1	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			KR	12/12/19
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DE	SIGNED	T&T			
DR	AWN	SK			
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APPROVED		MB	WOOD	S.CO.N	Z



ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

CUT & FILL AS-BUILT ORIGINAL TO LOWEST SURFACE

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	1
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-110-AB	

Document No. K:37505 - ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE S/PROJECT DATA/DRAWINGS/SURV:37505 - P5 05 CUT FILL CONTOURS.DWG







1. CONTOURS ARE AT 0.5 METRE INTERVALS



REVISION DETAILS				BY	DATE		
1	ISSUED	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			12/12/19		
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DR	DRAWN SK		AUCKLAND 1023				
CHECKED AC		AC	09 308 9229		229		
APPROVED MB		MB	WOOD	S.CO.N	Z		



ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

CUT & FILL AS-BUILT LOWEST TO FINAL SURFACE

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV		
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	1		
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL			
DWG NO	37505-05-111-AB			

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1. CONTOURS ARE AT 0.5 METRE INTERVALS

LEGEND



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ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

CUT & FILL AS-BUILT ORIGINAL TO FINAL SURFACE

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV		
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	1		
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL			
DWG NO	37505-05-112-AB			










NOTES:

- 1. DEADMAN LOCATION PROVIDED BY CONTRACTOR. LOT OWNER TO LOCATE AND PROTECT DEADMAN POSITION PRIOR TO ANY WORKS. 2.
 - THE DIMENSIONS PROVIDED ARE A BEST FIT APPROXIMATION BASED ON LOCATIONS PROVIDED
- BY THE CONTRACTOR. TITLE DIMENSIONS ARE SOURCED FROM DP 534851 SEE CRF FOR CONFIRMATION OF DIMENSIONS. З.

DISCLAIMER: THIS DRAWING IS INTENDED TO BE SOLELY USED AS THE BASE DATA FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE CLIENT. WOODS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY SUBSEQUENT WORKS CARRIED OUT IN THIS AREA.

RE	REVISION DETAILS BY		DATE
1	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	KR	05/12/19

SURVEYED	ONTRACTOR	WOODS Ltd
DESIGNED	T&T	LEVEL 1 BUILDING B, 8 NUGENT STREET, GRAFTON
DRAWN	SK	AUCKLAND 1023
CHECKED	AC	09 308 9229
APPROVED	MB	WOODS.CO.NZ



ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

DEADMAN COVENENT DIAGRAM SHEET 2 OF 2

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV	
SCALE	1:500 @ A3	1	
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL		
DWG NO	37505-05-124-AB		

NO EXCAVATION CAN BE UNDERTAKEN IN THE DEADMAN COVENANT AREA







NOTES: 1. D DEADMAN LOCATION PROVIDED BY CONTRACTOR. LOT OWNER TO LOCATE AND PROTECT DEADMAN POSITION PRIOR TO ANY WORKS. THE DIMENSIONS PROVIDED ARE A BEST FIT APPROXIMATION BASED ON LOCATIONS PROVIDED 2. BY THE CONTRACTOR. DISCLAIMER: THIS DRAWING IS INTENDED TO BE SOLELY USED AS THE

BASE DATA FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE CLIENT. WOODS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY SUBSEQUENT WORKS CARRIED OUT IN THIS AREA.

REVISION DETAILS			BY	DATE	
1	ISSUED	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			05/12/19
2	FENCES	FENCES ADDED			12/12/19
SU	RVEYED	CONTRACTOR	WOODS Ltd		Ltd
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CHECKED		AC	09 308 9229		229

WOODS.CO.NZ



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APPROVED

ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

REINFORCED EARTH BATTER, SLOPE STABILISATION & RETAINING WALL PLAN

STATUS	ASBUILT	REV
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	•
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	2
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-140-AB	

ARRAN HILL

VEGETATED REINFO EARTHBATTER - ANT MIT POOL STYLE FENCE ON TOP OF BAN 51 GODFREY DRIVE 200 201 225 226 227 228



NOTES

- ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS COMPLY WITH AC STANDARDS FOR ENGINEERING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION ISSUE NOV 2005.
- 2. ALL ROADS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS.
- 3. ALL FINISHED ROAD SURFACES ARE ASHPHALT CONCRETE 30mm THICK.
- 4. ALL FOOTPATHS ARE 100mm THICK BRUSHED CONCRETE OR EXPOSED AGGREGATE AS NOTED
- 5. ALL PIPE CROSSINGS UNDER ROADS HAVE BEEN HARDFILL BACKFILLED.
- 6. ASBUILT DATA HAS BEEN SOURCED FROM A COMBINATION OF WOODS SURVEY DATA AND CONTRACTOR RECEIVED DATA.

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ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 **ROADING AS-BUILT OVERALL LAYOUT** SHEET 1 OF 4

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV
SCALE	1:1000 @ A3	1
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-200-AB	





EDULE OF COORDINATES						
EASTING	NORTHING	TYPE				
49042.91	5949435.39					
49064.02	5949432.75					
49039.97	5949424.45					
49022.82	5949412.70					
48983.79	5949383.52	wa				
48971.09	5949384.62	ohutakawa				
48959.11	5949373.19	Poł				
48966.74	5949369.03					
48947.15	5949355.13					
48939.22	5949330.76					
48945.78	5949322.20					
48975.66	5949339.84					
48965.45	5949333.73					
49001.38	5949333.41	iqudamber				
48997.15	5949325.83	-iquda				
49024.91	5949327.58					
49020.42	5949320.08					



NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS COMPLY WITH AC STANDARDS FOR ENGINEERING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION ISSUE NOV 2005.
- 2. ALL ROADS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS.
- 3. ALL FINISHED ROAD SURFACES ARE ASHPHALT CONCRETE 30mm THICK.
- 4. ALL FOOTPATHS ARE 100mm THICK BRUSHED CONCRETE OR EXPOSED AGGREGATE AS NOTED.
- 5. ALL PIPE CROSSINGS UNDER ROADS HAVE BEEN HARDFILL BACKFILLED.
- 6. ASBUILT DATA HAS BEEN SOURCED FROM A COMBINATION OF WOODS SURVEY DATA AND CONTRACTOR RECEIVED DATA.

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CHECKED		AC			229

WOODS.CO.NZ MB



APPROVED

ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

ROADING AS-BUILT SHEET 2 OF 4

STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV
SCALE	1:500 @ A3	1
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-201-AB	





NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS COMPLY WITH AC STANDARDS FOR ENGINEERING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION ISSUE NOV 2005.
- 2. ALL ROADS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS.
- 3. ALL FINISHED ROAD SURFACES ARE ASHPHALT CONCRETE 30mm THICK.
- 4. ALL FOOTPATHS ARE 100mm THICK BRUSHED CONCRETE OR EXPOSED AGGREGATE AS NOTED
- 5. ALL PIPE CROSSINGS UNDER ROADS HAVE BEEN HARDFILL BACKFILLED.
- 6. ASBUILT DATA HAS BEEN SOURCED FROM A COMBINATION OF WOODS SURVEY DATA AND CONTRACTOR RECEIVED DATA.

REVISION DETAILS				BY	DATE	
1	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			KR	12/12/19	
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CHECKED AC		09 308 9229		229		
APPROVED MB		WOOD	S.CO.N	Z		

MB WOODS.CO.NZ



ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

ROADING AS-BUILT SHEET 3 OF 4

L		
STATUS	AS-BUILT	REV
SCALE	1:500 @ A3	1
COUNCIL	AUCKLAND COUNCIL	
DWG NO	37505-05-202-AB	



		TYPE					
EASTING 749100.38	NORTHING 5949438.58	TIPE					
		cpole tback)					
	5949439.36	1 D on 8m Vicpole (100mm Setback)					
49018.03	5949419.49	0 on 8 100m					
48982.33	5949393.07	IP66 T3ME 27W 4000K Version D on 8m Vicpol Base Square Series and no arm (100mm Setbacl					
48953.78	5949366.20	K Ver d no a					
48942.41	5949342.69	4000 es an					
48936.92	5949320.84	: 27W e Seri					
48960.73	5949343.87	T3ME Squar					
48989.07	5949336.51	r IP66 Base					
49033.80	5949325.42	Cree XSP IP66 T3ME 27W 4000K Version Enlarged Base Square Series and no arm					
49078.49	5949314.25	Cre Enla					
IEDULE OF	COORDINATES	5					
EASTING	NORTHING	TYPE					
49042.91	5949435.39						
49064.02	5949432.75						
49039.97	5949424.45						
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- 2. ALL ROADS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS.
- 3. ALL FINISHED ROAD SURFACES ARE ASHPHALT CONCRETE 30mm THICK.
- 4. ALL FOOTPATHS ARE 100mm THICK BRUSHED CONCRETE OR EXPOSED AGGREGATE AS NOTED
- 5. ALL PIPE CROSSINGS UNDER ROADS HAVE BEEN HARDFILL BACKFILLED.
- 6. ASBUILT DATA HAS BEEN SOURCED FROM A COMBINATION OF WOODS SURVEY DATA AND CONTRACTOR RECEIVED DATA.

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ARRAN HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5

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WFH PROPERTIES LTD **MILLWATER - ARRANS HILL PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 COMPLETION REPORT ISSUE**

DRAWING	Re	v Title
GENERAL		
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-100	1	DRAWING LIST AND LOCATION PLAN
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-101	1	GEOTECHNICAL WORKS PLAN
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-102	1	GEOTECHNICAL WORKS SUBSOIL DRAIN PLAN
21854.0031-AHP5S5-103	1	GEOLOGICAL CROSS SECTIONS 1 & 2
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-104	1	GEOLOGICAL CROSS SECTIONS 3 & 4
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-105	1	GEOLOGICAL CROSS SECTION 5
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-110	1	RE SLOPE 4 - TYPICAL SECTION
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-111	1	RE SLOPE 8 - TYPICAL SECTION (SHEET 1)
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-112	1	RE SLOPE 8 - TYPICAL SECTION (SHEET 2)
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-113	1	PALISADE WALL 4 PLAN AND DETAILS
21854.0031-AHP5S5-120	1	BUILDING LIMITATION PLAN
21854.0031-AHP5S5-121	1	POST EARTHWORKS INVESTIGATION PLAN
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-122	1	TOPSOIL DEPTHS PLAN
• 21854.0031-AHP5S5-123	1	EARTHWORKS TESTING LOCATION PLAN

COMPLETION REPORT ISSUE

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LOCATION PLAN SCALE 1:10,000

• Denotes drawing this issue: 13/12/2019



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CLIENT WFH PROPERTIES LTD PROJECT MILLWATER - ARRANS HILL

TITLE PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 DRAWING LIST AND LOCATION PLAN

SCALE (A3) 1:10,000 DWG No. 21854.0031-AHP5S5-100









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ALL GEOLOGICAL BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE

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CINCT 5 STAGE 5 LOGICAL CROSS SECTIONS 1 & 2

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GEOLOGICAL CROSS SECTION 5

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TABLE 1: REINFORCEMENT DETAIL FOR RE SLOPE 4

MAXIMUM TOTAL			MAX FORWARD	MAX BACK	GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS						
WALL TYPE	SLOPE HEIGHT (m)	I MAX SLOPE I	SLOPE	SLOPE	GEOGRID TYPE	GEOGRID LENGTH (m)	MAX VERTICAL SPACING (m)				
					TENSAR RE540	4.0	1.5				
RE SLOPE 4	H ≤ 8	1V:2H	1V:10H	1V:10H	TENSAR SS20	2.0	0.5				



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NOTES ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. WALL SETOUT AS PROVIDED BY WOODS AND CONFIRMED ON SITE BY THE ENGINEER. 2. SEE DWG.21854.0031-AHP5S5-101 FOR RE SLOPE 8 PLAN. LEGEND BIDIM A19 GEOTEXTILE TENSAR SS20 (SECONDARY) TENSAR RE540 (PRIMARY) HIGH STRENGTH STRUCTURAL FILL SAP50 SCORIA

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NOTES

3.

TABLE 2: REINFORCI	EMENT DETAIL FOR RE SLOF	PE 8	

WALL TYPE	MAXIMUM TOTAL SLOPE HEIGHT (m)	MAX SLOPE	MAX BACK SLOPE	GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS		
				GEOGRID TYPE	GEOGRID LENGTH (m)	MAX VERTICAL SPACING (m)
			41/-4011	TENSAR RE540	4.0	1.5
	H ≤ 5	1V:1.5H	1V:10H	TENSAR SS20	2.0	0.5
5 < H ≤ 7	5		41/-4011	TENSAR RE540	7.0	1.5
	1V:1.5H	1V:10H	TENSAR SS20	2.0	0.5	
7.11.40	7		1V:10H	TENSAR RE540	11.0	1.5
	7 < H ≤ 9	1V:1.5H	IV:IUH	TENSAR SS20	2.0	0.5
	9 < H ≤ 11	1V:1.5H	1V:10H	TENSAR RE540	14.0	1.5
			TENSAR SS20	2.0	0.5	





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LE	GEND
<u> </u>	BIDIM A19 GEOTEXTILE
	TENSAR SS20 (SECONDARY)
	TENSAR RE540 (PRIMARY)
	HIGH STRENGTH STRUCTURAL FILL
	SAP50 SCORIA

- EXISTING GROUND PROFILE

160Ø UPVC OUTLET DRAIN DISCHARGING ONTO THE ADJACENT SWALE AT APPROXIMATELY 50m INTERVAL. REFER TO DWG.21854.0031-AHP5S5-102 FOR OUTLET LOCATIONS

- PALISADE WALL 5: INSTALLED AT 0.5m BELOW BASE OF RE SLOPE 8. 6m LONG PILES, 250UC73 STEEL PILES ENCASED IN 4500 CONCRETED HOLES 0 1.5m C/C SPACINGS, USE 20MPa CONCRETE STRENGTH

CLIENT WFH PROPERTIES LTD PROJECT MILLWATER - ARRANS HILL

TITLE PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 **RE SLOPE 8 - TYPICAL SECTION (SHEET 1)**

SCALE (A3) 1:75

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GEND
BIDIM A19 GEOTEXTILE
TENSAR SS20 (SECONDARY)
TENSAR RE540 (PRIMARY)
HIGH STRENGTH STRUCTURAL FILL
SAP50 SCORIA

- EXISTING GROUND PROFILE

1600 UPVC OUTLET DRAIN DISCHARGING ONTO THE ADJACENT SWALE AT APPROXIMATELY 50m INTERVAL REFER TO DWG.21854.0031-AHP5S5-102 FOR OUTLET LOCATIONS

CLIENT WFH PROPERTIES LTD PROJECT MILLWATER - ARRANS HILL

TITLE PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 RE SLOPE 8 - TYPICAL SECTION (SHEET 2)

SCALE (A3) 1:75

DWG No. 21854.0031-AHP5S5-112



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CLIENT WFH PROPERTIES LTD PROJECT MILLWATER - ARRANS HILL

TITLE PRECINCT 5 STAGE 5 PALISADE WALL 4 PLAN AND DETAILS

SCALE (A3) AS SHOWN DWG No. 21854.0031-AHP5S5-113
















Appendix C: Contractors certificates

- JG Civil PS3 Millwater Precinct 5 Stage 5 Civil works
- North Harbour Fencing PS3 Millwater Precinct 5 Stage 5 Fencing
- ICB Retaining & Construction Limited PS3 Palisade Wall No. 4
- Hick Bros Civil Construction Limited PS3 Precinct 5 Stage 5 Earthworks

NZS 3910:2013 Conditions of contract for building and civil Engineering construction

Schedule 6 – Form of Producer Statement – Construction

ISSUED BY	JG Civil Ltd	(Contractor)
то	WFH PROPERTIES Ltd	(Principal)
IN RESPECT OF	Millwater Precinct 5 - Stage 5 Civil works	(Description of Contract Works)
AT		
	Arran Hill - Millwater	(Address)

JG Civil Ltd (Contractor) has contracted to *WFH PROPERTIES Ltd (Principal)* to carry out and complete certain building works in accordance with a Contract titled *PRECINCT 5 - STAGE 5* ('the Contract')

I Joel Giddy (Duly Authorised Agent) a duly authorised representative of JG Civil Ltd (Contractor) believe on reasonable grounds that JG Civil Ltd (Contractor) has carried out and completed:

🗹 All

Part only as specified in the attached particulars of the contract works in accordance with the Contract

Date 10 December 2019

(Signature of Authorised Agent on behalf of)

JG Civil Ltd

(Contractor)

180 Foundry Road, Silverdale

(Address)

FORM OF PRODUCER STATEMENT PS3 – CONSTRUCTION At project completion, this form shall be completed by the building contractor and supplied to the Engineer.
ISSUED BY: NORTH HARBOUR FENCING (Building Contractor)
TO: JA CIVIL (Owner/Principal)
IN RESPECT OF: FENCING (Description of Contract Works) AT: Mill Walter Precinct 5 Stage 5 ((Address)
(Address) T/A:
The above Building Contractor has contracted to the above Owner/Principal to carry out and complete certain building works in accordance with the contract, titled $\begin{array}{c c} & & \\ & $
above building contractor, believe on reasonable grounds that the above building contractor has carried out and completed
DAII DPart only as specified in the attached particulars
of the building works in accordance with the contract. Signature of Authorised Agent on behalf of the Building Contractor)
4 DEC 19 (Date)
20 A MANGA ROAD
20 A MANGA ROAD SILVERDALE (Address)
This producer statement is confirmation by the builder(s) that they have carried out the building work in accordance with the drawings, specifications (and site amendments) that are part of the contract / building consent documents.
Work covered by this statement should have been supervised and checked by suitably qualified trades-

The Engineer requires this producer statement and a copy of the T/A's building consent conditions, to confirm that items of the contract that he has not personally examined, have in fact been built according to the documents, so that the Engineer may issue appropriate documents to the T/A for it to release the Code Compliance Certificate.

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persons.

SIXTH SCHEDULE

(NZS 3910:2003)

FORM OF PRODUCER STATEMENT CONSTRUCTION

ISSUED BY	ICB Retaining & Construction Limited
	(Contractor)
то	Hicks Bros Civil Contractors Ltd
	(Principal)
IN RESPECT OF	Palisade Wall no.4
	(Description of Contract Works)
AT	Millwater Subdivision, Arran Hill, Precinct 5, Orewa West
	(Address)
	ICB Retaining & Construction Ltd
	(Contractor)
has contracted to	Hicks Bros Civil Contractors Ltd (Principal)
to carry out and complete certain	building works in accordance with a contract, titled
Delies de	Well no 4
(The P	Wall no.4 (The Contract) roject) (The Contract)
****	<i>is Burke</i> a duly authorised a duly authorised
representative of	ICB Retaining & Construction Limited (Contractor)
	(contractor)
Believe on reasonable grounds th	at ICB Retaining & Construction Limited
	(Contractor)
has carried out and completed:	
☑ All □ Part only as specified	d in the attached particulars of the building works in issent No. and any Authorised Instruction / Variations course of the work. (Signature of Authorised Agent on Behalf of)
	16 September 2019
	(Date)
	ICB Retaining & Construction Limited
	(Contractor)
	13 Volkner Place, Rosedale, Auckland 0632
	(Address)

PS3 - FORM OF PRODUCER STATEMENT- CONSTRUCTION

ISSUED BY: HICK BROS CIVIL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

TO: WFH Development Ltd

IN RESPECT OF: Precinct 5 Stage 5 Earthworks **AT**: 157 Grand Drive, Orewa

HICK BROS CIVIL CONSTRUCTION LTD has contracted to WFH Development Ltd to carry out and complete certain building works in accordance with a contract, titled Precinct 5 Stage 5 Earthworks ("the contract")

I MATT THOMAS a duly authorized representative of HICK BROS CIVIL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED believe on reasonable grounds that HICK BROS CIVIL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED has carried out and completed all of the contract works in in accordance with the contract.

Date: 10th December 2019

(Signature of Authorized Agent on behalf of)

HICK BROS CIVIL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED (Contractor)

42 FORGE ROAD, SILVERDALE (Address)

1

Appendix D: NZS 3604.2011 Expansive soils (extract)

NZS 3604:2011 Expansive Soils (Extract)

Expansive soils tend to be moderately to highly plastic clays that undergo appreciable volume change upon changes in moisture content. Technically, they are defined in NZS 3604:2011 as those soils having a liquid limit of more than 50% and a linear shrinkage of more than 15%. Where soils are quite silty or sandy, shrink and swell is less of a problem, due to the lower clay contents.

Building damage resulting from expansive soil movement can range from relatively minor brick veneer cracking and internal cracking on wall corners and wall ceiling corners with attendant door and windows jamming, through to extensive cracking of foundation block framework, extensive internal visual cracking and significant warping of building frames. Damage is dependent on building construction and materials and is rarely of structural concern.

NZS 3604:2011 "Timber Framed Buildings" defines good ground as follows:

"Any soil or rock capable of permanently withstanding an ultimate bearing capacity of 300kPa (i.e. an allowable bearing pressure of 100kPa using a factor of safety of 3.0), but excludes:

- a) Potentially compressible ground such as topsoil, soft soils such as clay which can be moulded easily in the fingers, and uncompacted loose gravel which contains obvious voids;
- b) Expansive soils being those that have a liquid limit of more than 50% when tested in accordance with NZS 4402 Test 2.2, and a linear shrinkage of more than 15% when tested in accordance with NZS 4402 Test 2.6, and
- c) Any ground which could forseeably experience movement of 25mm or greater for any reason including one or a combination of: land instability, ground creep, subsidence, seasonal swelling and shrinking, frost heave, changing ground water level, erosion, dissolution of soil in water, and effects of tree roots."

Foundations on expansive soils are outside the scope of NZS 3604:2011 as an acceptable solution to the New Zealand Building Code (NZBC). Specific engineering design of foundation elements is involved where expansive soils are present with a recommendation that AS 2870:2011 is used for building design. While not mandatory, AS 2870 designs will allow for a non-specific design foundation to be used without resorting to further ongoing investigation or design.

This geotechnical completion report has classified the soils present on this subdivision to be in Site Class M to H2 as per the requirements of AS 2870:2011. Descriptions of the various site classes, together with characteristic surface ground movements are outlined below.

Allowing for some correlation with NZS 3604, the various site classes applicable to NZ conditions are considered to be:

Characteristic Surface Movements	Site Class	Description
a) 20 mm (Note NZS 3604:2011 assumes movement of 25 mm as part of underlying design.	Class A (sand) and/or Class S (Silts) Equivalent to NZS 3604:2011 "Good Ground" sites	Poor to slightly expansive
 b) 20 mm - 40 mm c) 40 mm - 60 mm d) 60 mm - 75mm e) > 75 mm 	Class M Class H1 Class H2 Class E	Moderately expansive Highly expansive Highly expansive Extremely expansive

AS 2870 uses a range of factors to assess characteristic soil movement including:

- i. Building distress due to ground movement visible on adjacent structures,
- ii. Known soil properties and site specific testing to determine the shrink / swell index of a soil (Test 7.1.1 in AS 1289 Methods of Testing Soils for Engineering Purposes).

AS 2870 is based on defining soil types into various hazard classes based on expected surface movement and depth of desiccation that could occur. It then applies various foundation designs and embedment depths based on the form of building construction (slab on ground, strip footing, stiffened raft, stiffened slab with deep edge beams, etc). AS2870 uses more reinforcing steel than NZ designs generally would to create stiffer foundations that are better able to tolerate ground movement.

The Australian approach also regards expansive soil to a considerable extent being a home owner maintenance issue and significant emphasis is put into ensuring that people understand the influence that trees and dry summers etc may have on foundation performance. See Appendix E.

Appendix E:	CSIRO – BTF18 – Foundation
	Maintenance and Footing
	Performance: A Homeowners Guide

Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide



BTF 18 replaces Information Sheet 10/91

Buildings can and often do move. This movement can be up, down, lateral or rotational. The fundamental cause of movement in buildings can usually be related to one or more problems in the foundation soil. It is important for the homeowner to identify the soil type in order to ascertain the measures that should be put in place in order to ensure that problems in the foundation soil can be prevented, thus protecting against building movement.

This Building Technology File is designed to identify causes of soil-related building movement, and to suggest methods of prevention of resultant cracking in buildings.

Soil Types

The types of soils usually present under the topsoil in land zoned for residential buildings can be split into two approximate groups – granular and clay. Quite often, foundation soil is a mixture of both types. The general problems associated with soils having granular content are usually caused by erosion. Clay soils are subject to saturation and swell/shrink problems.

Classifications for a given area can generally be obtained by application to the local authority, but these are sometimes unreliable and if there is doubt, a geotechnical report should be commissioned. As most buildings suffering movement problems are founded on clay soils, there is an emphasis on classification of soils according to the amount of swell and shrinkage they experience with variations of water content. The table below is Table 2.1 from AS 2870, the Residential Slab and Footing Code.

Causes of Movement

Settlement due to construction

;

There are two types of settlement that occur as a result of construction:

- Immediate settlement occurs when a building is first placed on its foundation soil, as a result of compaction of the soil under the weight of the structure. The cohesive quality of clay soil mitigates against this, but granular (particularly sandy) soil is susceptible.
- Consolidation settlement is a feature of clay soil and may take place because of the expulsion of moisture from the soil or because of the soil's lack of resistance to local compressive or shear stresses. This will usually take place during the first few months after construction, but has been known to take many years in exceptional cases.

These problems are the province of the builder and should be taken into consideration as part of the preparation of the site for construction. Building Technology File 19 (BTF 19) deals with these problems.

Erosion

All soils are prone to erosion, but sandy soil is particularly susceptible to being washed away. Even clay with a sand component of say 10% or more can suffer from erosion.

Saturation

This is particularly a problem in clay soils. Saturation creates a boglike suspension of the soil that causes it to lose virtually all of its bearing capacity. To a lesser degree, sand is affected by saturation because saturated sand may undergo a reduction in volume – particularly imported sand fill for bedding and blinding layers. However, this usually occurs as immediate settlement and should normally be the province of the builder.

Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of soil

All clays react to the presence of water by slowly absorbing it, making the soil increase in volume (see table below). The degree of increase varies considerably between different clays, as does the degree of decrease during the subsequent drying out caused by fair weather periods. Because of the low absorption and expulsion rate, this phenomenon will not usually be noticeable unless there are prolonged rainy or dry periods, usually of weeks or months, depending on the land and soil characteristics.

The swelling of soil creates an upward force on the footings of the building, and shrinkage creates subsidence that takes away the support needed by the footing to retain equilibrium.

Shear failure

This phenomenon occurs when the foundation soil does not have sufficient strength to support the weight of the footing. There are two major post-construction causes:

- Significant load increase.
- Reduction of lateral support of the soil under the footing due to erosion or excavation.
- In clay soil, shear failure can be caused by saturation of the soil adjacent to or under the footing.

	GENERAL DEFINITIONS OF SITE CLASSES
Class	Foundation
A	Most sand and rock sites with little or no ground movement from moisture changes
S	Slightly reactive clay sites with only slight ground movement from moisture changes
М	Moderately reactive clay or silt sites, which can experience moderate ground movement from moisture changes
Н	Highly reactive clay sites, which can experience high ground movement from moisture changes
E	Extremely reactive sites, which can experience extreme ground movement from moisture changes
A to P	Filled sites
Р	Sites which include soft soils, such as soft clay or silt or loose sands; landslip; mine subsidence; collapsing soils; soils subject to erosion; reactive sites subject to abnormal moisture conditions or sites which cannot be classified otherwise

Tree root growth

Trees and shrubs that are allowed to grow in the vicinity of footings care cause foundation soil movement in two ways:

- Roots that grow under footings may increase in cross-sectional size, exerting upward pressure on footings.
- Roots in the vicinity of footings will absorb much of the moisture in the foundation soil, causing shrinkage or subsidence.

Unevenness of Movement

The types of ground movement described above usually occur unevenly throughout the building's foundation soil. Settlement due to construction tends to be uneven because of:

- Differing compaction of foundation soil prior to construction.
- Differing moisture content of foundation soil prior to construction.

Movement due to non-construction causes is usually more uneven still. Erosion can undermine a footing that traverses the flow or can create the conditions for shear failure by eroding soil adjacent to a foo ting that runs in the same direction as the flow.

Saturation of clay foundation soil may occur where subfloor walls create a dam that makes water pond. It can also occur wherever there is a source of water near footings in clay soil. This leads to a severe reduction in the strength of the soil which may create local shear failure.

Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of clay soil affects the perimeter of the building first, then gradually spreads to the interior. The swelling process will usually begin at the uphill extreme of the building, or on the weather side where the land is flat. Swelling gradually reaches the interior soil as absorption continues. Shrinkage usually begins where the sun's heat is greatest.

Effects of Uneven Soil Movement on Structures

Erosion and saturation

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Erosion removes the support from under footings, tending to create subsidence of the part of the structure under which it occurs. Brickwork walls will resist the stress created by this removal of support by bridging the gap or cantilevering until the bricks or the mortar bedding fail. Older masonry has little resistance. Evidence of failure varies according to circumstances and symptoms may include:

- Step cracking in the mortar beds in the body of the wall or above/below openings such as doors or windows.
- Vertical cracking in the bricks (usually but not necessarily in line with the vertical beds or perpends).

Isolated piers affected by erosion or saturation of foundations will eventually lose contact with the bearers they support and may tilt or fall over. The floors that have lost this support will become bouncy, sometimes rattling ornaments etc.

Seasonal swelling/shrinkage in clay

Swelling foundation soil due to rainy periods first lifts the most exposed extremities of the footing system, then the remainder of the perimeter footings while gradually permeating inside the building footprint to lift internal footings. This swelling first tends to create a dish effect, because the external footings are pushed higher than the internal ones.

The first noticeable symptom may be that the floor appears slightly dished. This is often accompanied by some doors binding on the floor or the door head, together with some cracking of cornice mitres. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the floor can be bouncy. Externally there may be visible dishing of the hip or ridge lines.

As the moisture absorption process completes its journey to the innermost areas of the building, the internal footings will rise. If the spread of moisture is roughly even, it may be that the symptoms will temporarily disappear, but it is more likely that swelling will be uneven, creating a difference rather than a disappearance in symptoms. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the isolated piers will rise more easily than the strip footings or piers under walls, creating noticeable doming of flooring.



As the weather pattern changes and the soil begins to dry out, the external footings will be first affected, beginning with the locations where the sun's effect is strongest. This has the effect of lowering the external footings. The doming is accentuated and cracking reduces or disappears where it occurred because of dishing, but other cracks open up. The roof lines may become convex.

Doming and dishing are also affected by weather in other ways. In areas where warm, wet summers and cooler dry winters prevail, water migration tends to be toward the interior and doming will be accentuated, whereas where summers are dry and winters are cold and wet, migration tends to be toward the exterior and the underlying propensity is toward dishing.

Movement caused by tree roots

In general, growing roots will exert an upward pressure on footings, whereas soil subject to drying because of tree or shrub roots will tend to remove support from under footings by inducing shrinkage.

Complications caused by the structure itself

Most forces that the soil causes to be exerted on structures are vertical – i.e. either up or down. However, because these forces are seldom spread evenly around the footings, and because the building resists uneven movement because of its rigidity, forces are exerted from one part of the building to another. The net result of all these forces is usually rotational. This resultant force often complicates the diagnosis because the visible symptoms do not simply reflect the original cause. A common symptom is binding of doors on the vertical member of the frame.

Effects on full masonry structures

Brickwork will resist cracking where it can. It will attempt to span areas that lose support because of subsided foundations or raised points. It is therefore usual to see cracking at weak points, such as openings for windows or doors.

In the event of construction settlement, cracking will usually remain unchanged after the process of settlement has ceased.

With local shear or erosion, cracking will usually continue to develop until the original cause has been remedied, or until the subsidence has completely neutralised the affected portion of footing and the structure has stabilised on other footings that remain effective.

In the case of swell/shrink effects, the brickwork will in some cases return to its original position after completion of a cycle, however it is more likely that the rotational effect will not be exactly reversed, and it is also usual that brickwork will settle in its new position and will resist the forces trying to return it to its original position. This means that in a case where swelling takes place after construction and cracking occurs, the cracking is likely to at least partly remain after the shrink segment of the cycle is complete. Thus, each time the cycle is repeated, the likelihood is that the cracking will become wider until the sections of brickwork become virtually independent.

With repeated cycles, once the cracking is established, if there is no other complication, it is normal for the incidence of cracking to stabilise, as the building has the articulation it needs to cope with the problem. This is by no means always the case, however, and monitoring of cracks in walls and floors should always be treated seriously.

Upheaval caused by growth of tree roots under footings is not a simple vertical shear stress. There is a tendency for the root to also exert lateral forces that attempt to separate sections of brickwork after initial cracking has occurred.

The normal structural arrangement is that the inner leaf of brickwork in the external walls and at least some of the internal walls (depending on the roof type) comprise the load-bearing structure on which any upper floors, ceilings and the roof are supported. In these cases, it is internally visible cracking that should be the main focus of attention, however there are a few examples of dwellings whose external leaf of masonry plays some supporting role, so this should be checked if there is any doubt. In any case, externally visible cracking is important as a guide to stresses on the structure generally, and it should also be remembered that the external walls must be capable of supporting themselves.

Effects on framed structures

Timber or steel framed buildings are less likely to exhibit cracking due to swell/shrink than masonry buildings because of their flexibility. Also, the doming/dishing effects tend to be lower because of the lighter weight of walls. The main risks to framed buildings are encountered because of the isolated pier footings used under walls. Where erosion or saturation cause a footing to fall away, this can double the span which a wall must bridge. This additional stress can create cracking in wall linings, particularly where there is a weak point in the structure caused by a door or window opening. It is, however, unlikely that framed structures will be so stressed as to suffer serious damage without first exhibiting some or all of the above symptoms for a considerable period. The same warning period should apply in the case of upheaval. It should be noted, however, that where framed buildings are supported by strip footings there is only one leaf of brickwork and therefore the externally visible walls are the supporting structure for the building. In this case, the subfloor masonry walls can be expected to behave as full brickwork walls.

Effects on brick veneer structures

Because the load-bearing structure of a brick veneer building is the frame that makes up the interior leaf of the external walls plus perhaps the internal walls, depending on the type of roof, the building can be expected to behave as a framed structure, except that the external masonry will behave in a similar way to the external leaf of a full masonry structure.

Water Service and Drainage

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Where a water service pipe, a sewer or stormwater drainage pipe is in the vicinity of a building, a water leak can cause erosion, swelling or saturation of susceptible soil. Even a minuscule leak can be enough to saturate a clay foundation. A leaking tap near a building can have the same effect. In addition, trenches containing pipes can become watercourses even though backfilled, particularly where broken rubble is used as fill. Water that runs along these trenches can be responsible for serious erosion, interstrata seepage into subfloor areas and saturation.

Pipe leakage and trench water flows also encourage tree and shrub roots to the source of water, complicating and exacerbating the problem.

Poor roof plumbing can result in large volumes of rainwater being concentrated in a small area of soil:

 Incorrect falls in roof guttering may result in overflows, as may gutters blocked with leaves etc.

- · Corroded guttering or downpipes can spill water to ground.
- Downpipes not positively connected to a proper stormwater collection system will direct a concentration of water to soil that is directly adjacent to footings, sometimes causing large-scale problems such as erosion, saturation and migration of water under the building.

Seriousness of Cracking

In general, most cracking found in masonry walls is a cosmetic nuisance only and can be kept in repair or even ignored. The table below is a reproduction of Table C1 of AS 2870.

AS 2870 also publishes figures relating to cracking in concrete floors, however because wall cracking will usually reach the critical point significantly earlier than cracking in slabs, this table is not reproduced here.

Prevention/Cure

Plumbing Where building movement is caused by water service, roof plumbing, sewer or stormwater failure, the remedy is to repair the problem. It is prudent, however, to consider also rerouting pipes away from the building where possible, and relocating taps to positions where any leakage will not direct water to the building vicinity. Even where gully traps are present, there is sometimes sufficient spill to create erosion or saturation, particularly in modern installations using smaller diameter PVC fixtures. Indeed, some gully traps are not situated directly under the taps that are installed to charge them, with the result that water from the tap may enter the backfilled trench that houses the sewer piping. If the trench has been poorly backfilled, the water will either pond or flow along the bottom of the trench. As these trenches usually run alongside the footings and can be at a similar depth, it is not hard to see how any water that is thus directed into a trench can easily affect the foundation's ability to support footings or even gain entry to the subfloor area.

Ground drainage

In all soils there is the capacity for water to travel on the surface and below it. Surface water flows can be established by inspection during and after heavy or prolonged rain. If necessary, a grated drain system connected to the stormwater collection system is usually an easy solution.

It is, however, sometimes necessary when attempting to prevent water migration that testing be carried out to establish watertable height and subsoil water flows. This subject is referred to in BTF 19 and may properly be regarded as an area for an expert consultant.

Protection of the building perimeter

It is essential to remember that the soil that affects footings extends well beyond the actual building line. Watering of garden plants, shrubs and trees causes some of the most serious water problems.

For this reason, particularly where problems exist or are likely to occur, it is recommended that an apron of paving be installed around as much of the building perimeter as necessary. This paving

Description of typical damage and required repair	Approximate crack width limit (see Note 3)	Damage category
Hairline cracks	<0.1 mm	0
Fine cracks which do not need repair	<1 mm	1
Cracks noticeable but easily filled. Doors and windows stick slightly	<5 mm	2
Cracks can be repaired and possibly a small amount of wall will need to be replaced. Doors and windows stick. Service pipes can fracture. Weathertightness often impaired	5–15 mm (or a number of cracks 3 mm or more in one group)	3
Extensive repair work involving breaking-out and replacing sections of walls, especially over doors and windows. Window and door frames distort. Walls lean or bulge noticeably, some loss of bearing in beams. Service pipes disrupted	15–25 mm but also depend on number of cracks	4



should extend outwards a minimum of 900 mm (more in highly reactive soil) and should have a minimum fall away from the building of 1:60. The finished paving should be no less than 100 mm below brick vent bases.

It is prudent to relocate drainage pipes away from this paving, if possible, to avoid complications from future leakage. If this is not practical, earthenware pipes should be replaced by PVC and backfilling should be of the same soil type as the surrounding soil and compacted to the same density.

Except in areas where freezing of water is an issue, it is wise to remove taps in the building area and relocate them well away from the building – preferably not uphill from it (see BTF 19).

It may be desirable to install a grated drain at the outside edge of the paving on the uphill side of the building. If subsoil drainage is needed this can be installed under the surface drain.

Condensation

In buildings with a subfloor void such as where bearers and joists support flooring, insufficient ventilation creates ideal conditions for condensation, particularly where there is little clearance between the floor and the ground. Condensation adds to the moisture already present in the subfloor and significantly slows the process of drying out. Installation of an adequate subfloor ventilation system, either natural or mechanical, is desirable.

Warning: Although this Building Technology File deals with cracking in buildings, it should be said that subfloor moisture can result in the development of other problems, notably:

- Water that is transmitted into masonry, metal or timber building elements causes damage and/or decay to those elements.
- High subfloor humidity and moisture content create an ideal environment for various pests, including termites and spiders.
- Where high moisture levels are transmitted to the flooring and walls, an increase in the dust mite count can ensue within the living areas. Dust mites, as well as dampness in general, can be a health hazard to inhabitants, particularly those who are abnormally susceptible to respiratory ailments.

The garden

The ideal vegetation layout is to have lawn or plants that require only light watering immediately adjacent to the drainage or paving edge, then more demanding plants, shrubs and trees spread out in that order.

Overwatering due to misuse of automatic watering systems is a common cause of saturation and water migration under footings. If it is necessary to use these systems, it is important to remove garden beds to a completely safe distance from buildings.

Existing trees

Where a tree is causing a problem of soil drying or there is the existence or threat of upheaval of footings, if the offending roots are subsidiary and their removal will not significantly damage the tree, they should be severed and a concrete or metal barrier placed vertically in the soil to prevent future root growth in the direction of the building. If it is not possible to remove the relevant roots without damage to the tree, an application to remove the tree should be made to the local authority. A prudent plan is to transplant likely offenders before they become a problem.

Information on trees, plants and shrubs

State departments overseeing agriculture can give information regarding root patterns, volume of water needed and safe distance from buildings of most species. Botanic gardens are also sources of information. For information on plant roots and drains, see Building Technology File 17.

Excavation

Excavation around footings must be properly engineered. Soil supporting footings can only be safely excavated at an angle that allows the soil under the footing to remain stable. This angle is called the angle of repose (or friction) and varies significantly between soil types and conditions. Removal of soil within the angle of repose will cause subsidence.

Remediation

Where erosion has occurred that has washed away soil adjacent to footings, soil of the same classification should be introduced and compacted to the same density. Where footings have been undermined, augmentation or other specialist work may be required. Remediation of footings and foundations is generally the realm of a specialist consultant.

Where isolated footings rise and fall because of swell/shrink effect, the homeowner may be tempted to alleviate floor bounce by filling the gap that has appeared between the bearer and the pier with blocking. The danger here is that when the next swell segment of the cycle occurs, the extra blocking will push the floor up into an accentuated dome and may also cause local shear failure in the soil. If it is necessary to use blocking, it should be by a pair of fine wedges and monitoring should be carried out fortnightly.

This BTF was prepared by John Lewer FAIB, MIAMA, Partner, Construction Diagnosis.

The information in this and other issues in the series was derived from various sources and was believed to be correct when published.

The information is advisory, it is provided in good faith and not claimed to be an exhaustive treatment of the relevant subject.

Further professional advice needs to be obtained before taking any action based on the information provided.

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Appendix F: Test results

- Post earthworks geotechnical investigation logs
- Shrink/ swell laboratory test results
- Bulk earthworks test results



HOLE Id: HA01

Hole Location: Lot 64

PROJECT: Orev	va Wes	t Pr	eci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59494 17489				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand a	auger			DLE STARTED: 01/10/2019
R.L.:	38.03			-	DRI	LL N	1ETH	OD:	HA				DLE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD	201	6									LO	GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL												ENG	BINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT. GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Umm)	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WE ATHERING	STRENGTH/D ENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 100 (KPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil							- m		TS [₩] <u></u> T:	M	VSt		SILT; dark brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
					●113/62 kPa			0.5			VSt- H		Clayey SILT; dark brown. Very stiff to hard, moist, low plasticity; with inclusions of non plastic silt.
					●110/64 kPa		-	0.5-					0.6m: low to medium plasticity
					●126/95 kPa		37	1.0-					017
					●>192 kPa		-	-			н		SILT; reddish brown. Stiff to hard, moist, non -plastic; minor gravel.
Fill					●>192 kPa		-	1.5-					
					●UTP		36	2.0-					1.8m: dry to moist, hard
					●UTP		- -		\bigotimes				
					●93/52 kPa		-	2.5-			St- VSt		2.4m: moist, low to no plasticity, with dark brown inclusions
					● 176/89 kPa			- -					
	DRY; 01/10/2019				●>192 kPa		35	3.0-					3.0m: minor dark brown inclusions
							-	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m Scale 1:20	I		[1	I	1		<u> </u>				l R



HOLE Id: HA02

Hole Location: Lot 58

PROJECT: Orew	va Wes	t Pr	eci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ΓION	I: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59494 17490				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand	auger			DLE STARTED: 01/10/2019 DLE FINISHED: 01/10/2019
R.L.:	38.35r				DR	ILL N	ИЕТН	IOD:	HA				ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD	201	6										GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL												ENG	BINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, ORIGN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Omm)	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/D ENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 SHEAR STRENGTH 100 (kPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil							-		ΤS [₩] <u></u> Τ	М	VSt		SILT; dark brown. Moist, non-plastic.
					● 104/47 kPa		- 86 -	0.5-	6 <u>36</u> - × × + × × 2 × × 2 × ×				Clayey SILT; pink and white. Very stiff, moist low to medium plasticity.
					● 134/60 kPa			0.0 - - - -	* <u>*</u> *				
					●119/48 kPa		-	1.0-					Sandy SILT; pink mottled white. Very stiff, moist, non-plastic; sand, fine. SILT, some clay; pink mottled white. Very stiff, moist; low to no plasticity.
					●121/47 kPa		37	-	× × × × × × × × ×				1.3m: yellowish brown and pink with bands of rus orange silt
Residual Soil					● 107/38 kPa			1.5-	* * * * * * * * * * * * *				SILT; reddish brown and orange brown. Ver stiff, moist, non-plastic.
					● 107/43 kPa		•	2.0-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				
					● 85/36 kPa				× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×		St VSt		Clayey SILT; reddish brown and light grey. Stiff, moist, low plasticity. SILT, some clay; pink. Very stiff, moist, low
					● 100/40 kPa		-90 - -	2.5-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				plasticity.
	σ				● 106/54 kPa		-	-	×× × × × × × × × × × × × ×				
	DRY; 01/10/2019				● 107/49 kPa		 	3.0-	* <u>*</u> * <u>*</u> * * * * * * *				Clayey SILT; pinkish white. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity. SILT, some clay; reddish brown and orange brown. Very stiff, moist, non-plastic.
							35	3.5- - -					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS ole Depth 3.2m							-		1				



HOLE Id: HA03

Hole Location: Lot 67

PROJECT: Orew	/a Wes	st P	reci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CA	TION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59494 17489				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand	auger			LE STARTED: 01/10/2019
R.L.:	42.32		55 11		DR	ILL N	METH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD		6						-				GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GEOLOGICAL												ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, ORIGN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/0mm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	25 25 50 100 200 (kPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil									TS * <u>…</u> T: * <u>…</u> TS	Μ			Clayey SILT; dark brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
					● 124/60 kPa		42	0.5-			VSt		Silty CLAY; streaked white and red brown. Very stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
					●113/33 kPa		-		* * *				Clayey SILT; orange grey brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity. Silty CLAY; streaked white and red brown.
					●71/14 kPa		-	1.0-	× × × × × ×				Very stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
					● 97/27 kPa		41 .	-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				
					● 127/30 kPa		•	1.5-	* * *				SILT; pink and white mottled. Very stiff,
Residual Soil					● 50/30 kPa		-	2.0-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		St		moist, low plasticity. SILT; mottled grey brown white. Very stiff, moist, non-plastic. SILT; pink. Stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
					● 91/30 kPa			2.0					Clayey SILT; pink and white. Stiff, moist, hig plasticity.
					● 84/34 kPa		- 4-	2.5-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		St- VSt		SILT; light pink. Stiff to very stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
					● 116/29 kPa			-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				
	DRY 01/10/2010	01/10/2018			●UTP		•	3.0-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		VSt		SILT; orange brown with white mottles. Very stiff, moist; non to low plasticity.
							- 68 	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m							[1				



HOLE Id: HA04

Hole Location: Lot 60

CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000) R.L.: DATUM BEOLOGICAL SEOLOGICAL LNIT, SEVERIC NAME, SHERN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	5949 1749 42.77 NZVI	9027 7m					DRI	LL TY	PE:	50mn	hand	auder		но	LE STARTED: 01/10/2019
R.L.: DATUM BEOLOGICAL SEOLOGICAL UNIT, SERVERIC NAME, DRIGN,	42.77	7m	1.20	5 111	=							5			
DATUM BEOLOGICAL SEOLOGICAL UNIT, SERVERIC NAME, DRIGIN,							DRI	LL M	ETH	DD: I	HA				LE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, DRIGIN,		D2(016												GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GENERIC NAME, DRIGIN,														ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
		WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (BlowsJ0mm)	89	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 SHEAR STRENGTH 50 (KPa) 200 (KPa)	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil	~	>	8	M				<i></i> о	- ⁸	6	TS Martine -	≊8 M	50 H	- 0 0 2 X	Clayey SILT; grey brown. Hard, moist, low plasticity.
							● UTP		-	-	+ × ×	D-M	VSt		Clayey SILT; yellowish brown. Hard, moist; moderate plasticity. SILT; pink. Very stiff, dry to moist, non- plastic.
							● 143/44 kPa			0.5-	***	М			Clayey SILT; pink yellow brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
							● 143/97 kPa		42		* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> *				
									-		* * *	D			Clayey SILT; pink brown. Very stiff, dry, non- plastic.
Residual Soil							● 124/37 kPa			- - 1.5-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *	M-W			Clayey SILT; red brown and white. Very stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.
Kesiddai Soli							●143/51 kPa		- 41 -	2.0-	× × × + × × × × × × × × × ×	М			Clayey SILT; mottled pink, white and black. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
							● 158/31 kPa		-	-	2 × × × × × × × * × × 2 × × × × × × × ×				
							● 96/44 kPa			2.5	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * *	·	St		Clayey SILT; yellow brown. Stiff, moist, low plasticity.
							● 101/50 kPa		- 40 -	-	× × × * × × × × × × ×				2.9m: some pink coloring
	DRY	01/10/2019					● 81/57 kPa			3.0-	* - × * - × * - × * - × * - ×				
									- - -	- - - - - - - - - - - -			_		3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS									- 68	-					
ole Depth															



HOLE Id: HA05

Hole Location: Lot 56

CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000) R.L.:		62.78 ml 79.53 ml						50mr OD:	n hand HA	auger		HO	LE STARTED: 01/10/2019 LE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD2												GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JC
GEOLOGICAL											1	ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%) METHOD	SCALA PENETRC (BlowsJ0mr 1 2 3 4 5	Meter 1) 6 7 8 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG		STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 200 (KPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil	~	0 2				0)	-		TS ≝ <u>w</u> T	M	VSt		SILT; dark brown. Very stiff, moist, non plastic.
					●121/66 kPa		-	-			н		Clayey SILT; yellowish brown and redd brown. Very stiff, moist; low to medium plasticity.
Fill					● UTP			0.5-					SILT, some clay; light yellowish brown reddish brown. Hard, dry to moist, non-plastic; minor gravel at base.
							- - 88 -	-					
					●UTP		-	1.0-	×**		VSt		SILT, minor clay; reddish brown. Very s moist, non-plastic.
					●117/49 kPa		-	-	× × × × × × × × ×				moist, non-plasue.
					● 107/44 kPa		-	1.5-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				1.4m: minor clayey layers and bands of rus orange brown silt
					● 122/58 kPa		37	-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				1.9m: reddish brown and orange brown
Residual Soil					●102/47 kPa		-	2.0-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				Clayey SILT; light greyish white mottled Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
					● 121/58 kPa		- - -	2.5	· × × × × × ×				
					● 110/56 kPa		36	-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				SILT, some clay; pink. Very stiff, moist; no plasticity.
	DRY; 01/10/2019 after 1 hour				● 0/- kPa		-	3.0-	* * *				Clayey SILT; light greyish white mottled Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
							-		* * *				3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m							-	3.5- -					
							35	-					
COMMENTS Hole Depth					1								



HOLE Id: HA06

Hole Location: Lot 54

PROJECT: Orew	/a Wes	t Pi	reci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59494 17491				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand a	auger			LE STARTED: 01/10/2019
R.L.:	36.98r			-	DRI	LL N	1ETH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD	201	6									LO	GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL								-				ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC MAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Biows/0mm)	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WEATHERING	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 100 100 100 100	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil					● 33/15 kPa				TS * <u></u> T *TS * <u></u> T * <u></u> T *	М	F		SILT, some clay; dark brown with yellowish brown inclusions. Firm, moist, low plasticity.
					●>192 kPa		-	0.5-			H		SILT, some clay; yellowish brown and reddish brown. Hard, moist; low to no plasticity.
Fill					●>192 kPa		36	1.0-					Sandy SILT; reddish brown . Hard, moist, non-plastic; minor fine gravel.
					●>192 kPa ●>192 kPa			1.5-			VSt		1.4m: minor clay 1.5m: inclusions of grey siltstone 1.6m: non plastic, friable
					● 107/58 kPa ● 104/56 kPa		. 32 .	2.0-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		Vot		Clayey SILT; yellowish brown, pink and orange brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity
Residual Soil					●102/58 kPa		-	2.5-	* _ × * × * × * × * × * × * × * × *				Clayey SILT; light greyish white mottled yellowish brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
					●137/59 kPa				× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				SILT, minor clay; yellowish brown mottled light greyish white. Very stiff, moist, non- plastic.
	DRY; 01/10/2019				●102/51 kPa		34	3.0-	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				2.9m: trace sand
							•	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS		<u> </u>					- 8		1				
lole Depth													
3.2m cale 1:20													F



HOLE Id: HA07

Hole Location: Lot 71

PROJECT: Orev	vaWe	st P	reci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES:	59494				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mm	n hand	auger		НО	LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
(NZTM2000)	17489		51 m	E	DRI	LL N	ЕТН	OD:	НА				LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019
R.L.: DATUM	43.83 NZVD		6										ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GEOLOGICAL		201	0										GINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT,			Г										
GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Onim)	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 100 (KPa)	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil								-	TS ≝ <u>,,,</u> T	М	Н		Clayey SILT; mottled dark brown. Hard, moist; non to low plasticity.
					●>200 kPa			-	\bigotimes		VSt-		SILT; pinkish brown. Hard, moist, non- plastic. Clayey SILT; yellow brown. Hard to very stiff,
					● 148/97 kPa			0.5-			Н		moist; low to moderate plasticity.
							43	-	\bigotimes	D			
Fill					●>200 kPa		- 4	1.0-		U			Sandy SILT; pink yellow brown. Very stiff to hard, dry, non-plastic; very friable, lime smell .
					● UTP		- -	-					
					● UTP		-	1.5 - - -					
					● 60/39 kPa		42		× × × × × × × × × × ×	м	St		Sandy SILT, some clay; pink some grey. Stiff, moist; non to low plasticity.
					● 86/47 kPa			-	* * * * * * * * * * * *				Clayey SILT; pink and orange brown. Stiff, moist; non to low plasticty.
Residual Soil					● 98/44 kPa		-	2.5-	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * * *				
		nd ovemight			● 114/60 kPa		- 1 4	-	* _ ×		VSt		Clayey SILT; pink with white mottles. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
	DRY; 01/10/2019	ion completion a			● 104/46 kPa			3.0-	* * * * * * *	M-W			Clayey SILT; pink some brown and white. Very stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.
							40	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
	1	1	1				1		I				
COMMENTS	- 1												
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m													



HOLE Id: HA08

Hole Location: Lot 186

NCI MUM T28000 B m E DRLL METHOD: HA HOLE FINISHED: 300/2019 DATUM NZVE2018 COECKED. JOT DRLL METHOD: HA HOLE FINISHED: 300/2019 DATUM NZVE2018 COECKED. JOT DRLL METHOD: HA HOLE FINISHED: 300/2019 DELLOSTICAL EXAMPLE NZVE2018 COECKED. JOT DRLL METHOD: HA HOLE FINISHED: 300/2019 DELLOSTICAL EXAMPLE Image: State S	(NZTM2000) 1749046.86 mE DRILL METHOD: HA DATUM NZVD2016 GEOLOGICAL Image: Concentral with conc	HOLE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 DRILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION				
Lit: 44 Arm DRLL METHOD: IM DRLL DB 's - GC CFENCS SPUIDA N2V202016 UGED BY - GC CFENCS UGED BY - GC CFENCS SEOLOGICAL ENSINEERING DESCRIPTION	R.L: 44.84m DRILL METHOD: HA DATUM NZVD2016 GEOLAL Image: marked and the state of the state o	DRILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION				
DATUM NZVOZNO LOGOCED FY: REE LOGOCED FY: REE LOCOCED FY: REE LOCOCEEF REE LOCOCE	DATUM DVD2016 Securation Securation <th colspan="4" sec<="" td=""><td>LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION</td></th>	<td>LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION</td>				LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION
Interview Interview <t< td=""><td>аналама. мал. ома. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. торsoil</td><td>Description and</td></t<>	аналама. мал. ома. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. матама. совичалама. торsoil	Description and				
Normal manufacture Normal	additional consistences additional consistence additional consistences additional consistences <td>LE State Sta</td>	LE State Sta				
Immunication water Toppool Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Toppool Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Immunication water Fill Immunication water <	ONOR NUTURE CONFIDENCE TESTS Image: Second se	List of the set of the				
Image: second	Topsoil • >192 kPa • 5 • 5 • 5 Fill • 151/69 kPa • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • UTP • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • UTP • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.5 • 017P • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 017P • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 017P • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.7 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0173 kPa • 0.7 • 0.1 • 0.1 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2 • 0.2	ES X				
Topsol Plant Plant <t< td=""><td>Fill • >192 kPa • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.70/38 kPa • 0.5 • 70/33 kPa • 1.5 • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70</td><td></td></t<>	Fill • >192 kPa • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.5 • 0.70/38 kPa • 0.5 • 70/33 kPa • 1.5 • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70					
Fill H and brown. Very stift, moist, four plasticity. Fill 0.5	Fill •152 kPa 0.5 •151/69 kPa •151/69 kPa •15 •UTP •10 •10 •07/33 kPa 1.5 •15 •70/33 kPa •15 •15 •70/33 kPa •15 •15 •70/33 kPa 1.5 •7 •70/34 kPa •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •70/34 kPa •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7 •7	plasticity.				
Fill Image: State of the	Fill • 151/69 kPa • 3 • UTP • 0 • 0079 • 0 • 0079 • 0 • 0079 • 0 • 00793 kPa • 0 • 70/33 kPa • 1.5 • 70/33 kPa • 2.0 • 70/33 kPa • 2.0 • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 70/34 kPa • 2.0 • 81/34 kPa • 1.5 • 82/48 kPa • 2.5 • 74/41 kPa • 74/41 kPa	H and brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.				
Residual Soil 0	Residual Soil • 0UTP • 0UTP • 000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.5m: minor fine gravel				
Residual Soil • 60/30 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/34 kPa • 2.0 • 2.3 • 11/3/52 kPa • 2.0 • 2.3 • 11/3/52 kPa • 3.0 • 11/3/52 • 11/3/52 • 11/3/52 • 11/3/52 • 11/3/5 •	Residual Soil • 69/30 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 76/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/34 kPa • 88/4 • 98/4 •					
Residual Soli •70/33 kPa 1.5 •70/33 kPa 1.5 •78/33 kPa •20 •20 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •20 •20 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •20 •20 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •20 •6 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •6 •6 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •6 •81/34 kPa •6	• 70/33 kPa • 70/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 78/33 kPa • 81/34 kPa • 81/34 kPa • 81/34 kPa • 81/34 kPa • 74/41 kPa • 74/41 kPa	SILI; reddish brown. Stiff, moist, non-plasti				
Residual Soil 0	Residual Soil	1.2m: moist to wet, pink, brown and orange brow				
Residual Soil Image: Soil of the second	Residual Soil •81/34 kPa •2.0 •					
Residual Soil Image: space of the spa	Residual Soil •81/34 kPa • ************************************	Clayey sandy SILT; pinkish brown. Stiff, moist, low plasticity.				
Backson in the second secon	●74/41 kPa					
000000000000000000000000000000000000	●74/41 kPa	2.3m: thin layer of hard rusty silt				
600 113/52 kPa 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.2m: Target depth 3.2m: Target depth 3.2m: Target depth		VSt Clayey SILT; pink and orange brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.				
20MMENTS	●113/52 kPa 3.0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +					
COMMENTS		3.2m: Target depth				
	tole Depth					



HOLE Id: HA09

Hole Location: Lot 189

	u 1100	t Pi	eci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	TION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000) R.L.: DATUM	59494 17490 37.97r NZVD	94.8 n	35 m				YPE: /IETH		n hand : HA	auger		HO DRI	LE STARTED: 01/10/2019 LE FINISHED: 01/10/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GEOLOGICAL	INZ V D.	201	0										GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC MANE, RORIM, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/100mm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG		STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 SHEAR STRENGTH 200 (APa) 200 (APa)	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil			~			0	•		⊺S ‴ <u>…</u> ⊤:	20	00		Clayey SILT; grey brown. Hard, wet; low to moderate plasticity.
					●>200 kPa		-	-	\bigotimes	W	Н		Clayey SILT; yellow brown some pink. Hard, wet, low plasticity; trace inclusions of grey siltstone.
Fill					● UTP		-	0.5		D			SILT; green brown. Hard, dry, non-plastic. SILT; pinkish red. Hard, dry, non-plastic.
				41 >> 3	● UTP		37	1.0-			L		Silty SAND; yellow brown. Dry; well packed hard to auger. Scala 41 blows for 100mm.
		9000		1 2				-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	М			SILT; white. Moist, low plasticity; Scala from 1.1m blows per 100mm: 3,1,2
	01/10/2019				● 104/30 kPa ● 111/37 kPa		36	1.5- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	* * * * * * * * * * *		VSt		SILT; yellow brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
Residual Soil					● 98/31 kPa			2.0-	× × × × × × + × × × × ×				Clayey SILT; blue grey. Very stiff, moist, hig plasticity.
					●118/43 kPa		-	2.5-	* * * * * * * * *				Clayey SILT; yellow brown. Very stiff, moist high plasticity.
					●117/46 kPa		-	-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				Clayey SILT; light grey. Very stiff, moist, hig plasticity.
					● 101/33 kPa		35	3.0-	* _ * * _ * * _ * * _ *				
							4	3.5					3.2m: Target depth
			<u> </u>		1	L	- 25						
COMMENTS													



HOLE Id: HA10

Hole Location: Lot 191

CO-ORDINATES:	594937		nct 5 stage 5 N				: Mill 50mr	n hand	auger		НС	JOB No.: 1100222.0000 LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
(NZTM2000) R.L.:	1749078		E	DR	ILL N	/ETH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019
DATUM	42.61m NZVD20											ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: J
GEOLOGICAL											ENG	BINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT. GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%) METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Omm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 200 (kPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil	~	0 2			ŭ	-	-	тѕ ≝т:	≊ŏ M	VSt	-0028	Clayey SILT; dark brown with yellowis brown inclusions. Very stiff, moist, low
Fill				●113/48 kPa		-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					Clayey SILT; yellowish brown and pin brown with grey inclusions. Very stiff, low plasticity.
				●>192 kPa		42				VSt- H		SILT; pinkish brown. Very stiff to hard non-plastic.
				●>192 kPa			1.0-	***		VSt		SILT; orange brown mottled white. Ve moist; low to no plasticity.
				● 107/16 kPa		-	-	* * * * * * * * * * * *				1.3m: orange brown
				●62/27 kPa		41	1.5-	× × × × × × ×		St		1.4m: some clay, low plasticity Silty CLAY; yellowish brown. Stiff, mc medium plasticity.
				● 97/34 kPa		-	- - - -	× ×		VSt		1.7m: light greyish brown Clayey SILT; dark grey. Very stiff, mo
Residual Soil				● 107/47 kPa		-	2.0-	× × ×				plasticity.
				● 107/43 kPa			2.5	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * * *				2.5m: light whitish brown
	DRY; 01/10/2019 on completion and overnight			● 161/27 kPa		40	-	2 <u> </u>		н		2.65m: veins of orange silt Sandy SILT; brown mottled light yello stiff to hard, moist, non-plastic.
	DRY; 01/10. on completi			●>192 kPa		-	3.0-	* * * * * * * * *				3.1m: solid refusal, end of hole
						- 68	3.5-					3.1m: Refusal



HOLE Id: HA11

Hole Location: Lot 194

CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000) R.L.: DATUM BEOLOGICAL	59493 17490 44.78 NZVE	022.			DR	ILL T	YPE:	50mm	المسمعا م	ougor			
R.L.: DATUM BEOLOGICAL	44.78		25	ne				50111	n nand a	augei			LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
DATUM GEOLOGICAL seological unit.					DR	ILL N	/ETH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
SEOLOGICAL UNIT,			16										GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
												ENG	BINEERING DESCRIPTION
SENERIC NAME, DRIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.		CORE RECOVERY (%)		SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/0mm)	TESTS			0	00		STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	SHEAR STRENGTH (KPa)	Description and Additional Observations
	WATER	CORE REG	METHOD	1234567	8 9	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE		25 25 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	
Topsoil							ŀ	-	TS ₩	М	VSt		Clayey SILT; brown and yellowish brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity.
					●>192 kPa		-	-			VSt- H		Clayey SILT; yellowish brown and pink with minor topsoil inclusions. Very stiff to hard, moist, low plasticity.
					●>192 kPa		•	0.5					0.5m: minor angular gravel
					●126/75 kPa		. 44	- - - 1.0-			VSt		SILT; pinkish. Very stiff, moist, non-plastic; friable, with brown inclusions and minor fine gravel.
					●UTP		-	-					1.3m: minor clay, low plasticity, with fine grey sandstone gravel inclusions
Fill					●187/82 kPa			1.5- - -					1.5m: low plasticity, yellowish brown, red and ligh brown
					● 125/77 kPa		4	2.0					Clayey SILT; yellowish brown. Very stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
					● 150/88 kPa		-	-					2.3m: low plasticity, pink and yellowish brown, minor topsoil inclusions
					● 170/108 kPa			2.5					
	19	mpletion and ovemight			●>192 kPa		42	-					2.8m: yellowish brown and brown, mixed
	DRY; 01/10/201	completion			● 174/115 kPa		•	3.0-					
	DR	o						3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS						1	ŀ						
ole Depth													



HOLE Id: HA12

Hole Location: Lot 182

PROJECT: Orew	/a Wes	t P	reci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59493 17489				DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand	auger			LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
R.L.:	40.48r		51 11	-	DR	ILL N	1ETH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD	201	6									LO	GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL		_										ENG	SINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC VAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/0mm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WEATHERING	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 SHEAR STRENGTH 100 (kPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil		-							TS 24 -	М	VSt		Clayey SILT; dark brown. Very stiff, wet;
					● 104/56 kPa ● 107/49 kPa		40	0.5-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	M-W	St- VSt		medium plasticity. Silty CLAY; yellowish brown mottled light greyish white. Very stiff, moist; medium plasticity. Clayey SILT; yellowish brown mottled light greyish white. Very stiff to stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
							-		* * *				0.8m: low to medium plasticity
					● 104/52 kPa		-	1.0-	* <mark>* *</mark> * * * * * *				0.9m: low plasticity
					●104/48 kPa			-	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * * *				
Residual Soil					●82/34 kPa		- 66	1.5-	* × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				
					● 80/37 kPa			- - - 2.0-	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> *				
	01/10/2019				●74/30 kPa		-		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				2.1m: yellowish orange brown, trace sand, wet
	V				● 88/37 kPa		- 86	2.5-					
					● 55/19 kPa		-						
					●81/36 kPa		-	3.0-			St		Clayey sandy SILT; dark grey. Stiff, moist to wet, low plasticity.
							37	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m							-						



HOLE Id: HA13

Hole Location: Lot 74

PROJECT: Orew	va Wes	st P	reci	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Milly	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59493 17489				DR	ILL T	YPE:	50mn	n hand	auger			LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
R.L.:	39.13		00 1		DR	ILL N	1ETH	OD:	HA				ILE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVD		6						_				GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL												ENG	SINEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Omm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WEATHERING	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 (KPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil	5	0	2			0	•	-	TS "	M	St		SILT; dark brown. Stiff, moist, non-plastic.
					● 85/36 kPa ● 77/32 kPa		- 68	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	× × × × * × * × * × * × * × * × * ×				Silty CLAY; yellowish brown. Stiff, moist; medium plasticity. Clayey SILT; yellowish brown. Stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
					● 92/44 kPa			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				0.9m: trace sand
Residual Soil					● 93/45 kPa ● 78/30 kPa			- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	× × × × × × * × ×				Clayey SILT; light greyish white mottled yellowish brown. Stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
					●74/36 kPa		-	2.0-		W	0		Sandy SILT; orange brown. Stiff, wet, low plasticity; sand, fine to medium.
	01/10/2019	 W/L overnight 			● 74/37 kPa ● 85/38 kPa		37	-		М			Clayey SILT; reddish brown and orange brown. Stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
							-	2.5-	* * * * * * * * *				2.4m: orange brown, low to medium plasticity 2.7m: orange brown and reddish brown, low
					●74/38 kPa		-	-					2.7m. orange prown and readistribitionin, row
					● 63/34 kPa		36	3.0-	* <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> * * <u>*</u> *				2 Om Torget Josh
							- - -	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS			1		<u> </u>	1							l
ole Depth													
3.2m													



HOLE Id: HA14

Hole Location: Lot 77

PROJECT: Orew	/a We	est	Pr	ecir	nct 5 stage 5					water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	5949 1748									n hand	auger			DLE STARTED: 30/09/2019 DLE FINISHED: 30/09/2019
R.L.:	34.1	0m	ľ			DRI	LLN	ИЕТН	OD:	HA				ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZV	D2	016	6										GGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI
GEOLOGICAL						,	1			ļ,			ENG	
GEOLOGICAL UNIT, GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.		WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blowsidmm)	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WEATHERING	STRENGTH/D ENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 200 (kPa) 200	Description and Additional Observations
Topsoil		-	-	_						TS W	М	VSt	1	Clayey SILT; dark brown. Very stiff, moist,
						● 121/64 kPa ● 113/60 kPa			0.5					Iow plasticity. Clayey SILT; yellowish brown. Very stiff, moist; medium plasticity. 0.3m: yellowish brown and light greyish white, low plasticity, trace sand
						●111/58 kPa		33	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					
						●78/38 kPa			-	* * *		St		Clayey SILT; light brownish white and yellowish brown. Stiff, moist; medium plasticity.
Residual Soil						● 71/36 kPa ● 63/36 kPa		-	1.5-					
						● 58/27 kPa		32 -	2.0-	* × × × × × * × × * × × * × × * × × * × ×				2.0m: yellowish brown
						● 60/27 kPa		-	2.5-	* <mark>* *</mark> * * * * * * * * * * *				
	019	6103				● 55/27 kPa		-	-	× × × + × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×				2.7m: yellowish brown mottled white
	DRY- 01/10/2	overnight				● 88/33 kPa		-15	3.0-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	W			SILT; light whitish brown mottled orange brown. Wet, non-plastic; sandy from 3.1m; grey at 3.2m.
								-	3.5-					3.2m: Target depth
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m Scale 1:20						1	1	1		1		I	1:::::	I F



HOLE Id: HA15

Hole Location: Lot 181

INTERING 17.48096.01 INTERING DRUEL DB INTERING INTERING DRUEL DB INTERING DRUE DB	PROJECT: Orew	/a W	/est	t Pr	reci	ct 5 stage 5	LO	CA	TION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
L1 3580000 DRLL METHOD: HA DRLL METHOD: HA DRLL DD Y: CDD: CDD:CDD:CBC EOLOGICAL	CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)						DRI	LL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand	auger			
ATUM NZ/V0210 LOGGED 8*: JOT CHECKED. REE ECOLOGICAL ENGINEERING DESCRIPTION International internatinternationa internatinternational internatinternational internati	R.L.:				1911	-	DRI	ILL N	ИЕТН	OD:	HA				
Interview Interview <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					6										
Name Normal Normal <td>GEOLOGICAL</td> <td></td> <td>ENC</td> <td>GINEERING DESCRIPTION</td>	GEOLOGICAL													ENC	GINEERING DESCRIPTION
Constraint Image: Second	GEOLOGICAL UNIT,														
Topsal N Vision Clayery SIT: yellow brow A dark brown mixed. Very stift, most; moderate plasticity most; moderate plasticity Residual Soit I	GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN,			_								ERING		NGTH	Description and
Topsal N Vision Clayery SIT: yellow brow A dark brown mixed. Very stift, most; moderate plasticity most; moderate plasticity Residual Soit I	MATERIAL COMPOSITION.			ERY (%		SCALA PENETROMETER	TESTS					VEATHE	NN NO	RSTRE (kPa)	Additional Observations
Topsal N Vision Clayery SIT: yellow brow A dark brown mixed. Very stift, most; moderate plasticity most; moderate plasticity Residual Soit I			~	RECOV	0	(Down on my)		S		(E)	IIC LOG	TDN	GTH/DE	SHEAF	
Toppol 15 M V VS Clayery SUT, yellow brown & dark brown made with plasticity model. Yellow the with model as plasticity model. Yellow and while streaks. Very stift, model, high plasticity. Residual Soil 1/457 kPa 1/47 kS kIT, molet, molet moletale plasticity. 1/47 kS kIT, molet, molet, molet moletale plasticity. 1/47 kS kIT, molet, molet moletale plasticity. 1/47 kS			WATEF	CORE	METHO	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		SAMPL	RL (m)	DEPTH	GRAPH	MOISTI	STREN	20 0 2 2 2 1 0 20 0 2 2 2 1 0	
Topsoil Image: Class of the streaks. Very self, molst, high plasticity. Residual Soil • 11851 MPa • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 • 1387 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>М</td><td>VSt</td><td></td><td>Clayey SILT; yellow brown & dark brown</td></td<>									-			М	VSt		Clayey SILT; yellow brown & dark brown
Residual Soll Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Residual Soll Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Residual Soll Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stift, most, high plasticity. Image: Solution of the streaks. Very stif	Topsoil								ļ		<u>_</u> ⊺				mixed. Very stiff, moist; moderate plasticity
Residual Sol • 141100 kPa • 1400 kPa •											Ϋ́ς Ϋ́				
Residual Soil • 11407 APa • 115 • 115							● 147/83 kPa		L		<u>14</u> –				CLAY: vellow and white streaks. Very stiff.
Residual Soll • 14/100 kPa • 58 • 6 • 11864 kPa • 58 • 10 • 11864 kPa • 6 • 12068 kPa • 12068 kPa • 13 • 13 • 13 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 13 • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 12068 kPa • 13 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 113 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 113 • 114 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14 • 14									[-					moist, high plasticity.
Residual Soil • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11697 APa • 11897 APA <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>İ</td> <td>0.5-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									İ	0.5-					
Residual Soil • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11884 APa • 11697 APa • 11897 APA <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>• 141/100 kPa</td> <td></td> <td>ł</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							• 141/100 kPa		ł						
Residual Soll Image: Solution of the solution of									ł						
Residual Soll I <									ł	-					
Residual Soil • 114/57 KPa 1.0 • 114/57 KPa Image: Clayey Sill, T; yellow and while streaks. Ver stift to stift, molet, moderate plasticity. Residual Soil • 120/68 KPa 1.5 • 120/68 KPa 1.5 • 1 • 113/51 KPa • 113/51 KPa • 113/51 KPa • 13/61 KPa • 13/61 KPa • 13/61 KPa • 13/61 KPa • 00/43 KPa • 00									-92	-					
Residual Soil • 114,57 kPa • 114,57 kPa <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>● 118/64 kPa</td><td></td><td>ł</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							● 118/64 kPa		ł						
Residual Soll • 11457 kPa • 11351 kPa <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ļ</td> <td>1.0-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									ļ	1.0-					
Residual Soll • 11457 kPa • 11351 kPa <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Clayey SILT; yellow and white streaks. Ver</td>											 *				Clayey SILT; yellow and white streaks. Ver
Residual Soil -76/39 kPa -8 -1.9m. Clayey SILT -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -1.9m. Clayey SILT -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -1.3051 kPa -8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>●114/57 kPa</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>××</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>stiff to stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.</td>							●114/57 kPa				××				stiff to stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
Residual Soil -76/39 kPa -8 -1.9m. Clayey SILT -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -1.9m. Clayey SILT -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -1.3051 kPa -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -1.3051 kPa -1.3051 kPa -8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>* * *</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>											* * *				
Residual Soil • 76/39 kPa • 8 • 1.9:: Clayey SILT • 113/51 kPa • 98/34 kPa • 2.5 • 8 • CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Ver stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. • 98/34 kPa • 2.5 • 8 • 113/51 kPa • 113/51 kPa • 98/34 kPa • 2.5 • 8 • CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Ver stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. • 98/34 kPa • 2.5 • 8 • CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Ver stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. • 98/34 kPa • 3.0 • 76/31 kPa • 76/31 kPa • 75 • 80/43 kPa • 3.0 • 8 • 75 • 80/43 kPa • 3.0 • 8 • 8 • 80/43 kPa • 3.0 • 8 • 8 • 80/43 kPa • 3.0 • 8 • 8 • 80/43 kPa • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 • 8 •									ſ		××				
Residual Soil •76/33 kPa -8 -1.9:: Clayey SILT •1.9:: Clayey SILT: grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. -1.9:: Clayey SILT: grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. •13/51 kPa •8//34 kPa -2.5 -7 -7 •8//34 kPa -8 -2.5 -7 -7 •8//34 kPa -8 -8 -76/31 kPa -76/31 kPa •76/31 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •8//44 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •8//44 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •76/31 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •76/31 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •76/31 kPa -7 -7 -7 -7 •7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 •7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 •7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 •7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 •7 -7 -7 -7 -							● 120/68 kPa		İ	1.5-	× <u>×</u> ×				
Image: Clayery SILT Image: Clayery SILT Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity. Image: Clayery SILT; grey some orange brown. Versitif, moist, high plasticity. Image: Cl									ł		* *				
Image: State of the second									ł	-	× ×				
Image: state of the second state of	Residual Soil								ł	-	** <u>*</u>				
Image: State of the second							● 76/39 kPa		- %		× - ×				
Image: state of the state									ŀ		* <u>~</u> × # <u>-</u> *				1.9m: Clayey SILT
• 86/34 kPa • 86/34 kPa • 86/34 kPa • 86/34 kPa • 80/34 kPa • 80									ļ	2.0-			St		CLAY; light grey. Stiff, moist, high plasticity
B6/34 kPa B6/34 kPa St St CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. 0 CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. CLAY & SILT; grey some orange brown. Stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity. 0							●113/51 kPa			-		M-W	VSt		Clayey SILT; grey some orange brown. Ver
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>*<u>*</u>*</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.</td></td<>											* <u>*</u> *				stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>İ</td><td></td><td>× × ×</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									İ		× × ×				
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>● 86/34 kPa</td><td></td><td>ŀ</td><td></td><td>* *</td><td></td><td>01</td><td></td><td></td></td<>							● 86/34 kPa		ŀ		* *		01		
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ŀ</td><td>2.5 -</td><td>× ×</td><td></td><td>St</td><td></td><td>Stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.</td></td<>									ŀ	2.5 -	× ×		St		Stiff, moist to wet; moderate plasticity.
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ŀ</td><td></td><td>+ *</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									ŀ		+ *				
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ŀ</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>М</td><td></td><td></td><td>CLAY; light grey. Stiff, moist, high plasticity</td></td<>									ŀ	-		М			CLAY; light grey. Stiff, moist, high plasticity
B0/43 kPa 3.0 B0/43 kPa 3.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>dht</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>● 76/31 kPa</td><td></td><td>ł</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			dht				● 76/31 kPa		ł	-					
OMMENTS			ovemi						-4	-					
OMMENTS			019 1 and נ						ŀ						
OMMENTS			1/10/2 oletior				● 80/43 kPa		ļ	3.0-					
OMMENTS			RY; 0 ⁻												
			Δö	-	+			\vdash	-						3.2m: Target depth
OMMENTS le Depth									L						
OMMENTS le Depth									[
OMMENTS le Depth									1	3.5 -	1				
OMMENTS le Depth									ŀ	-					
OMMENTS le Depth									ŀ	-					
OMMENTS le Depth									ŀ	-					
le Depth									- 88						
le Depth									ł	-					
	COMMENTS				1				1						1
3200 1	ole Depth 3.2m														



HOLE Id: HA16

Hole Location: Lot 178

CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000) .L.: ATUM EOLOGICAL IOLOGICALUNIT, NERICI NAME, HERN. VIERNAL COMPOSITION.	5949 1749 42.42 NZVI	ECOVERY (%)	.41						50mn OD: I	n hand i HA	auger		HO DR	LE STARTED: 30/09/2019 LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
EOLOGICAL Indigical unit, Inderic name, Ingin,	42.42 NZVI	2m D201	16			DRI	ILL M	ETH	OD: I	HA			DR	
EOLOGICAL Indigical unit, Inderic name, Ingin,	NZVI	ECOVERY (%)	6-10											
OLOGICAL UNIT, INERIC NAME, NGIN,	WATER	WATER CORE RECOVERY (%)											LO	GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
INERIC NAME,	WATER	WAIEK CORE RECOVERY (%)											ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
tigin,	MATER	WALER CORE RECOVERY (%)												
	TAW	COR	ģ	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/0mm)		TESTS	SAMPLES	ŝ	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE WEATHERING	STRENGTH/D ENSITY CLASSIFICATION	SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa)	Description and Additional Observations
			METLOD	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9		SAM	RL (m)	DEP	XXX BRA	ୁ D-M	H CLA	25 25 100 200	SILT; orange brown. Hard, dry to moist, non-
								-	-	\bigotimes		r.		plastic.
						●>200 kPa		- 75	-	\bigotimes	М	VSt-		Clayey SILT, some gravel; green grey. Hard, moist; gravel, fine; non to low plasticity. SILT; yellow grey brown. Very stiff to hard,
						●138/100 kPa			0.5 -			Н		dry to moist, non-plastic; inclusions of grey sandstone.
						●>200 kPa		-	- - - 1.0-					1.0m: Black streaks, very friable
						●UTP			-					
Fill						●UTP		- 1 4	1.5 - -	\bigotimes	D	Н		Sandy SILT; yellow brown. Hard, dry, non- plastic; very friable.
						●167/84 kPa		-	2.0-		М	VSt		Clayey SILT; green grey brown. Very stiff, moist; low to moderate plasticity. 2.0m: Pinkish color
						●UTP		•	-		D	Н		Sandy SILT; yellow brown. Hard, dry, non- plastic; very friable.
						●>200 kPa		40		\bigotimes				2.5 - 2.6m: Gravelly SILT; dark grey. Dry, non-
								-	2.5-	\bigotimes	М	•		Clayey SILT, some gravel; green grey. Hard moist, low plasticity.
	0	and overnight				●>200 kPa		- -	-	\bigotimes				Clayey SILT; orange brown. Hard, moist, low plasticity.
	JRY; 01/10/201	on completion and ovemight				●UTP		•	3.0-					
								- - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	~~~				3.2m: Target depth
OMMENTS le Depth 3.2m								-	-					



HOLE Id: HA17

Hole Location: Lot 175

PROJECT: Orev	vaWe	st P	rec	nct 5 stage 5	LO	CAT	ION	: Mill	water				JOB No.: 1100222.0000
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	59492 17490				DRI	ILL T	YPE:	50mr	n hand a	auger			LE STARTED: 30/09/2019
R.L.:	43.24		491	IE	DR	ILL N	1ETH	OD:	HA				LE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 ILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS
DATUM	NZVE		6										GGED BY: JOTI CHECKED: RBE
GEOLOGICAL												ENG	INEERING DESCRIPTION
GEOLOGICAL UNIT. GENERIC NAME. ORIGIN. MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATER	CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/Onm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	MOISTURE	STRENGTH/DENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 SHEAR STRENGTH 50 (KPa) 200 (KPa)	Description and Additional Observations
							-		тs " <u>"</u> т	M	St		CLAY; brown grey. Stiff, moist; moderate plasticty.
					● 90/30 kPa		43	-	\bigotimes				SILT; green grey. Stiff, moist; moderate plasticity.
					●>200 kPa		-	0.5		D-M	VSt- H		SILT; orange brown. Stiff, moist; moderate plasticity. SILT; mottled greyish orange brown. Hard to very stiff, dry to moist, non-plastic.
					● 81/36 kPa		-	1.0-	\bigotimes		VSt		SILT; pinkish brown. Very stiff, dry to moist,
					● >200 kPa		42				VSt- H		non-plastic. SILT; green brown grey. Very stiff to hard, dry to moist, non-plastic.
Fill					●>200 kPa		-	- - 1.5-	\bigotimes		н		SILT; pink orange brown. Hard, dry to moist, non-plastic. SILT; green grey orange brown. Hard, dry to
					●UTP		-	-					moist, non-plastic. 1.8m: gravelly clayey SILT
					● 98/30 kPa		41	2.0-			St		Clayey SILT; pink orange brown. Stiff to hard, dry to moist.
		after ovemight			● >200 kPa		-	2.5-			Н		
	01/10/2019	Trace water			●>200 kPa		-	-	\bigotimes				2.7m: gravelly clayey SILT 2.85m: gravel blocking hole, refusal
								3.0-					2.85m: Refusal
COMMENTS Hole Depth 2.85m Scale 1:20													Rev



HOLE Id: HA18

Hole Location: Lot 803

PROJECT: Orewa West Precinct 5 stage 5						LOCATION: Millwater							JOB No.: 1100222.0000			
CO-ORDINATES: (NZTM2000)	5949 1749			DRILL TYPE: 50mm hand auger							HOLE STARTED: 30/09/2019					
R.L.:	45.08		311			DRILL METHOD: HA							HOLE FINISHED: 30/09/2019 DRILLED BY: GEOTECHNICS			
DATUM									LOGGED BY: RBE CHECKED: JOTI							
GEOLOGICAL													ENG	GINEERING DESCRIPTION		
GEOLOGICAL UNIT. GENERIC NAME, ORIGIN, MATERIAL COMPOSITION.	WATED	WALER CORE RECOVERY (%)	METHOD	SCALA PENETROMETER (Blows/0mm) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3 9	TESTS	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG		STRENGTH/D ENSITY CLASSIFICATION	10 25 50 100 100 28 (Pa) 200	Description and Additional Observations		
								42		TS _	М	St		SILT, some clay; dark brown. Stiff, moist, low		
						●84/38 kPa		4	0.5-			St- VSt		plasticity. Clayey SILT, trace gravel; yellowish brown and pink. Stiff to very stiff, moist, low plasticity; gravel, fine.		
						● 136/63 kPa		- - -						0.7m: pink, non plastic		
						● 107/47 kPa		- 7 4	1.0-					1.0m: small grey inclusions and inclusions of topso		
						● 145/52 kPa		-	-	\bigotimes				 2m: light yellowish brown and pink, with grey inclusions 		
Fill						●>192 kPa		-	1.5-		D-M M	VSt VSt- H		Sandy SILT; yellowish brown. Very stiff, dry to moist, non-plastic. Clayey SILT; yellowish brown and light greyish white. Very stiff to hard, moist, low plasticity.		
						●UTP			2.0-			н		SILT; yellowish brown and pink. Hard, moist, non-plastic.		
						●>192 kPa		- 4						2.1m: grey inclusions 2.2m: yellowish brown, non plastic		
						● 0/- kPa			2.5-					2.4m: yellowish brown and grey, minor inclusions grey gravel, fine		
	19	and ovemight				●>192 kPa										
Residual Soil	DRY: 01/10/20	on completion and				● 118/77 kPa		42	3.0-			VSt		Clayey SILT; yellowish brown mottled light greyish white; minor brown inclusions. Very stiff, moist; medium plasticity.		
		0						- - - -						3.2m: Target depth		
COMMENTS Hole Depth 3.2m Scale 1:20	I					I				1		1		l Rt		



Our Ref: 1100250.0.0./ Rep 1 Customer Ref: 21854.0031 29 October 2019

Tonkin + Taylor PO Box 5271, Wellesley Street, Auckland 1141

Attention: Mr Jason Kelly

Dear Jason

Orewa West - Precinct 5 - Stage 5

Test Results

Samples from the above mentioned site have been tested as received according to your instructions and the results are included in this report.

If we can be of any further assistance, feel free to get in touch. Contact details are provided at the bottom of this page.

GEOTECHNICS LTD

Report prepared by:

Sim Tirunahari I am the author of this document 2019.10.29 12:20:48 +13'00'

Sim Tirunahari Soils Laboratory Manager Authorised for Geotechnics by:

Steven Anderson Project Director



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation

Report checked by:

James Kimiangatau Laboratory Technician

29-Oct-19 t:\geotechnicsgroup\projects\1100250\issueddocuments\20191029. orewa west_p5_stage 5.st.final.rep1.docx

	40.00.00				Page 2 of 21					
	19 - 23 Morgan Street									
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0					
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077					
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand p: + 64 9 356 3510		Customer Project ID	21854.0031						
	Determination of the S	Shrink C	wall Inday AC	1290 Test 7 1 1 2002						
	Determination of the s			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003						
	TEST DETAILS									
LOCATION	Description Data	N/A	est - Precinct 5 - Stag	ge 5						
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)374	HA No	1					
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m					
	Sampled By	clayov SII	T with trace of sand	Bottom Depth d, firm to stiff, orange brown mixed with light yellow, mot						
	Description	clayey SIL		infinito stiff, orange brown mi	xed with light yellow, mottled h					
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A					
	Description	N/A								
		TES	T RESULTS							
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25						
	Initial Water Content	(%)		31.9						
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.84						
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.39						
	Final Water Content	(%)		32.5						
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.08						
	Initial Water Content	(%)		36.6						
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5.9						
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0						
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None						
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Minor						
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		3.3						
			ST REMARKS							
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or I for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ	accreditation. • Samples not destro					
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari			ANZ	All tests reported herein have performed in accordance with					
Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	laboratory's scope of accreditation					
					Page 3 of 21					
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	19 - 23 Morgan Street									
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0					
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077					
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand p: + 64 9 356 3510			Customer Project ID	21854.0031					
	Determination of the S	hrink S	woll Indox AS	1280 Tost 7 1 1 2002						
				1289 1981 7.1.1 - 2003						
	Description		ST DETAILS	ao F						
LOCATION	Description Data	N/A	est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5						
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)375	HA No	1					
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m					
					1.0.11					
	Sampled By	-l CII	T	Bottom Depth						
	Description	clayey SIL	.I with trace of sand	, firm to stiff, orange brown mix	ked with light yellow, mottled rec					
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A					
	Description	N/A								
		TES								
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25						
	Initial Water Content	(%)		33.3						
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.84						
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.38							
	Final Water Content	(%)		34.4						
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.26						
	Initial Water Content	(%)		33.5						
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5.4						
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0						
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None						
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Minor						
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		3.1						
			ST REMARKS							
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report b			t covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destroye					
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari				All tests reported herein have bee performed in accordance with th laboratory's scope of accreditation.					
Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY						

					Page 4 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	hrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Stag	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000		HA No	2 0.5m
	Reference			Top Depth	0.511
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL brown.	T with trace of sand,	firm to stiff, light red mixed with	n pink-bluish grey, mottled dark
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		31.0	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.88		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.44	
	Final Water Content	(%)		32.5	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.23	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		37.0	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		2.8	
		TES	T REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report b			covered under our scope of IANZ ac	creditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.

					Page 5 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Stag	je 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)377	HA No	4 0.5m
	Reference			Top Depth	0.511
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL black.	T with trace of sand,	firm to stiff, orange brown mix	ed with red-light yellow, mottled
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		25.4	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.82		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.45		
	Final Water Content	(%)	26.4		
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.55	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		35.3	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		4.1	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Minor	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		2.4	
			T REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced or for one month from the date of this report l			covered under our scope of IANZ a	ccreditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.

					Page 6 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	5 1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	0378	HANO	4
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL bluish gre		firm to stiff, light yellowish orar	ge brown mixed with red, mottled
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		39.3	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.87		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.34		
	Final Water Content	(%)		39.8	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.10	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		46.8	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		2.2	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.3	
		TES	ST REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced or for one month from the date of this report			t covered under our scope of IANZ	accreditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.

					Page 7 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510			-	
	Determination of the S	hrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Stag	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID Reference	S19AK000)379	HA No Top Depth	6 0.5m
					0.511
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description		T with trace of sand, tled orange-red.	few rootlets, firm to stiff, light y	ellowish brown mixed with dark
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		41.3	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.71	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.21		
	Final Water Content	(%)		42.1	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		-0.03	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		32.4	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		2.1	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Moderate	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.1	
		TES	T REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report l			covered under our scope of IANZ ac	creditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	All tests reported herein have bee performed in accordance with th laboratory's scope of accreditation.

					Page 8 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	hrink - S	well Index - AS	5 1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	l
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Sta	age 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)380	HANO	6
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with minor sand, i	firm to stiff, light yellowish bro	wn, mottled orange-red-dark grey.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		31.8	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.73	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.31	
	Final Water Content	(%)		33.3	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		-0.02	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		33.8	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		3.5	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Moderate	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.9	
			T REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on or one month from the date of this report t			it covered under our scope of IANZ	accreditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019				All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.

					Page 9 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
			ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
CAMPLE	Data Geotechnics ID	N/A \$19AK000	1281	HA No	7
SAMPLE	Reference	319AK000	J301	Top Depth	, 0.5m
	Sampled By	alay say Cit	T	Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	.I with trace of sand	, firm to stiff, light yellowish bro	own, mottled orange-red.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES			
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		39.1	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.77		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.27		
	Final Water Content	(%)		40.8	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.18	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		38.8	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		6.3	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Minor	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		3.5	
Results apply only to cample	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or		TREMARKS	covered under our scope of IANZ	accreditation • Samples not destroy
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced of I for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ i	accreantation. • Samples not destroy
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari			IANZ	All tests reported herein have be performed in accordance with t laboratory's scope of accreditation.
Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	

0	19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket Auckland 1023				
C					
0	Auckland 1023			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
				QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510			·····	
	Determination of the S	hrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Stag	je 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)382	HA No	7
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL orange re		firm, light yellowish brown mix	ed with light bluish grey, mottled
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		42.8	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.75		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.23		
	Final Water Content	(%)		44.5	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.54	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		38.5	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		3.2	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		2.0	
			T REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report t			covered under our scope of IANZ a	ccreditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019				All tests reported herein have bee performed in accordance with th laboratory's scope of accreditation.

	10 22 Mar Ct				Page 11 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket				
				Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
			ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description Data	Orewa w N/A	est - Precinct 5 - Stag	ge 5	
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	0383	HA No	8
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with trace of sand,	stiff, light yellowish brown, mo	ottled light red.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		37.5	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.81		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)	1.32		
	Final Water Content	(%)	38.8		
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.15	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.7	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		4.3	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Moderate	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		2.5	
			ST REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or d for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destro
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari				All tests reported herein have performed in accordance with laboratory's score of accreditation
Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	laboratory's scope of accreditation

					Page 12 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	3
			DETAILS	-	
LOCATION	Description Data	N/A	st - Precinct 5 - Stag	je 5	
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	384	HA No	8
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
		clavev SII	with minor sand st	tiff, light red mixed with light	vellow-grev
	Description				yenow grey
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		36.0	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.74		
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)			
	Final Water Content	(%)	(%) 37.2		
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.04	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		35.2	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		0.97	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		0.6	
			REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or I for one month from the date of this report I			covered under our scope of IAN2	Zaccreditation. • Samples not destro
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					Page 13 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023 New Zealand			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand p: + 64 9 356 3510			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
	•	Shrink - S	well Index - A	S 1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - St	age 5	
	Data	N/A		-	
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)385	HA No	9
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with minor sand,	stiff, light red mixed with light y	ellow.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.6	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)			
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)			
	Final Water Content	(%)	31.6		
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.09	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.9	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		3	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.7	
			T REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or I for one month from the date of this report			ot covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destro
					All tests reported herein have
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari				performed in accordance with laboratory's scope of accreditation
ate	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	laboratory's scope of accredita

19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket Nuckland 1023 New Zealand D: + 64 9 356 3510 Determination of the Sh			Geotechnics Project Number QESTLab Work Order ID	1100250.0.0.0
Auckland 1023 New Zealand p: + 64 9 356 3510			-	
Vew Zealand): + 64 9 356 3510			QESTLab Work Order ID	
p: + 64 9 356 3510				W19AK-0077
			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
Determination of the Sh				
	irink - Sv	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
	TES	T DETAILS		
Description		est - Precinct 5 - Stag	e 5	
Data Geotechnics ID	N/A \$19AK000	296	HA No	12
Reference	319AK000		Top Depth	0.5m
	clavev SII		-	d with light bluish grey, mottled
	red-orang	е.		
			Depth	N/A
Description				
	TES	TRESULTS		
	(kPa)		25	
Initial Water Content	(%)		46.5	
Bulk Density	(t/m³)	1.68		
Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.15	
Final Water Content	(%)		49.1	
Swelling Strain	(%)		0.41	
Initial Water Content	(%)		46.2	
Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5.4	
Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
	(%)		3.1	
	TES	T REMARKS		
			covered under our scope of IANZ acc	reditation. • Samples not destroyed
Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019				All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.
	Bulk Density Dry Density Final Water Content Swelling Strain nitial Water Content Shrinkage Strain nert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen sted. • This report may be reproduced only one month from the date of this report be im Tirunahari	escription clayey SIL'red-orang eference N/A escription N/A mescription N/A ference (kPa) initial Water Content (%) Sulk Density (t/m³) Dry Density (t/m³) Grand Water Content (%) Swelling Strain (%) Shrinkage Strain (%) Shrinkage Strain (%) Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage (%) Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen (%) Sted. • This report may be reproduced only in full. • Sar one month from the date of this report before being of the shrinkage of this report before being of	escription clayey SILT with trace of sand, red-orange. eference N/A escription N/A escription N/A issue of the series of the	escription clave SLT with trace of sand, stiff, light yellowish brown mixed red-orange. eference N/A Depth escription N/A TEST RESULTS (kPa) 25 (kPa) 25 (kPa) 46.5 (kPa) 46.5 (kPa) 1.68 (kPa) 1.68 (kPa) 1.15 (kPa)

					Page 15 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the s			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
			ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)387	HA No	14
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description		T with trace of sand prange-red.	, firm to stiff, light bluish grey w	ith light yelllowish brown,
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	1	(1110)			
	Initial Water Content	(%)		36.8	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.77	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.29	
	Final Water Content	(%)		38.2	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.16	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		37.3	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		2.8	
	Inort Matarial Estimate in the Cult				
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.6	
				-	
			ST REMARKS		
	tested. • This report may be reproduced or for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ a	ccreditation. • Samples not destroyed
		-			
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Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	

					Page 16 of 21
GEOTECHNICS	19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket Auckland 1023 New Zealand p: + 64 9 356 3510			Geotechnics Project Number QESTLab Work Order ID Customer Project ID	1100250.0.0.0 W19AK-0077 21854.0031
	Determination of the	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	0388	HA No	14
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By	dayay SI	T with trace of cand	Bottom Depth , firm to stiff, light bluish grey w	ith light vollowish brown
	Description		prange-red.	, in the star, light blaish grey w	titi light yellowish brown,
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		35.4	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.77	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.31	
	Final Water Content	(%)		36.2	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.03	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		45.5	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5.8	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		3.3	
Results apply only to sample	e tested. • This report may be reproduced o		ST REMARKS	covered under our scope of IANZ a	ccreditation. • Samples not destroyed
	l for one month from the date of this report				
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					Page 17 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
	p: + 64 9 356 3510 Determination of the S	hrink f	well Inday AS	1280 Test 7 1 1 2002	
	Determination of the s			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A		80.0	
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)389	HA No	16
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with trace of sand	, stiff, grey, mottled orange-red	-black.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		31.0	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.86	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.42	
	Final Water Content	(%)		32.5	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.37	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.1	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		2.4	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.4	
			ST REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or for one month from the date of this report l			t covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destroy
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					Page 18 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
CEOTECUNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	hrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
			ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description		est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID Reference	S19AK000	1390	HA No Ton Donth	17 0.5m
				Top Depth	0.511
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with trace of sand	, stiff, grey mixed with light red	, mottled orange-black.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.9	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.79	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.37	
	Final Water Content	(%)		33.1	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.36	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		31.9	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		5.6	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Moderate	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		3.2	
• Doculto	tostad a This second a		ST REMARKS	t any and up the s	norraditation - Carl Instantion
	tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report t			t covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destroy
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari				All tests reported herein have be performed in accordance with laboratory's scope of accreditation.
Date	29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	ומטטימנטיא א אנטאר טי מנגרפטונמנוסה.

					Page 19 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street				
	Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
GEOTECHNICS	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S			1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
LOCATION	Description		ST DETAILS	70 F	
LOCATION	Data	N/A		ge J	
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	0391	HA No	17
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description		T with trace of sand,	, stiff, grey mixed with light yell	owish brown, mottled orange-
SPECIMEN	Reference	red. N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
			T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	1	(u)			
	Initial Water Content	(%)		36.7	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.77	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.29	
	Final Water Content	(%)		37.9	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.04	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		27.6	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		2.9	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.6	
			ST REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ a	ccreditation. • Samples not destroy
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					Page 20 of 21
0	19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket Auckland 1023 New Zealand			Geotechnics Project Number QESTLab Work Order ID Customer Project ID	1100250.0.0.0 W19AK-0077 21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	T DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Stag	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000)392	HA No	18
	Reference			Top Depth	0.5m
	Sampled By	alau au CII	T	Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL orange.	I with trace of sand,	firm to stiff, light reddish brow	n mixed with grey, mottled
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		37.3	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.77	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.29	
	Final Water Content	(%)		38.2	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.05	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		30.8	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		4.9	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Major	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		2.7	
• Desults and the set	tested a This second area in the second		T REMARKS	covered under surgery from	
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced on for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ a	accreditation. • Samples not destroyed
Approved Signatory Date	Sim Tirunahari 29/10/2019			ACCREDITED LABORATORY	All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation.

	19 - 23 Morgan Street				Page 21 of 21
	19 - 23 Morgan Street Newmarket			Geotechnics Project Number	1100250.0.0.0
	Auckland 1023			Geotechnics Project Number QESTLab Work Order ID	W19AK-0077
	New Zealand			Customer Project ID	21854.0031
GEOTECHNICS	p: + 64 9 356 3510				
	Determination of the S	Shrink - S	well Index - AS	1289 Test 7.1.1 - 2003	
		TES	ST DETAILS		
LOCATION	Description	Orewa W	est - Precinct 5 - Sta	ge 5	
	Data	N/A			
SAMPLE	Geotechnics ID	S19AK000	0393	HA No	18
	Reference			Top Depth	1.0m
	Sampled By			Bottom Depth	
	Description	clayey SIL	T with trace of sand,	, stiff, light reddish brown, mot	tled light yellow-grey-black.
SPECIMEN	Reference	N/A		Depth	N/A
	Description	N/A			
		TES	T RESULTS		
APPLIED PRESSURE		(kPa)		25	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		32.1	
	Bulk Density	(t/m³)		1.78	
SWELL TEST	Dry Density	(t/m³)		1.35	
	Final Water Content	(%)		33.7	
	Swelling Strain	(%)		0.04	
	Initial Water Content	(%)		29.2	
	Shrinkage Strain	(%)		3.5	
SHRINKAGE TEST	Inert Material Estimate in the Soil Specimen	(%)		0	
	Soil Crumbling During Shrinkage			None	
	Cracking of the Shrinkage Specimen			Moderate	
SHRINK - SWELL INDEX		(%)		1.9	
			ST REMARKS		
	e tested. • This report may be reproduced or d for one month from the date of this report			covered under our scope of IANZ	accreditation. • Samples not destro
Approved Signatory	Sim Tirunahari				All tests reported herein have performed in accordance with
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Job: Precent 5 Arrans Hill - Stage 5

Client: Tonkin & Taylor

Image: state in the	URN	New No.	Easting	Northing	RL	Location	Tech.	Date	Nuclear Wet Density (t/m³)	Oven Dry Density (t/m3)	Oven Moisture content (%)	Solid Density (t/m3) assumed	Oven Calculated Air Voids (%)	Shear Strengt		penetrate)	(UTP =	Average Shear Strength (kPa)	Re - Test (Y)	pass / fail Specification > 140 kPa and < 10 % Air Voids)	Comments These results have not yet passed our entire quality assurance process. They should be used with caution and may be
518 0762 2 55667.05 651131.55 3.0.22 R Wal7 ELPO 100 221 170 130 973 2.7 3.1 146 160 160 201 175 P 518 0751 2 55655 47 651135.65 37.04 R Wal7 ELPO 1505016 130 336 2.7 5.6 175 175 2.01 100 P 100 100 P 100 100 P 100 100 P 100 100 100 100 P 100 100 P 100 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>subject to change.</th>																					subject to change.
Site of use in the set of									(= 0					Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4				
Stature Notifies	S18 079-2		2659617.105	6511151.953	36.252	RE Wall 7	ELHO	16/05/2018						146	160	190	204	175		Р	
Shund Shunds																					
Sin 077-2 Z Z Z Sin 077-2 Z Z Z Sin 077-2 Z Z Z Sin 077-2 Z Z Z Sin 077-2 Z <thz< th=""> Z <thz< th=""> <thz< td="" thz<=""><td>S18 078-1</td><td></td><td>2659595.476</td><td>6511188.428</td><td>37.704</td><td>RE Wall 7</td><td>ELHO</td><td>15/05/2018</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>175</td><td>175</td><td>204</td><td>204</td><td>190</td><td></td><td>Р</td><td></td></thz<></thz<></thz<>	S18 078-1		2659595.476	6511188.428	37.704	RE Wall 7	ELHO	15/05/2018						175	175	204	204	190		Р	
SHO72 Contract SHO72 Contract SHO72 Contract SHO72 Contract Contrac																					
S18 074-1 285885.89 851200.88 40.302 RE Wal7 ELHO 10062016 144 1.40 31.9 2.7 3.0 2.01 <th2.01< th=""> <th2.< td=""><td>S18 077-2</td><td></td><td>2659613.209</td><td>6511171.562</td><td>36.307</td><td>RE Wall 7</td><td>ELHO</td><td>11/05/2018</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>204</td><td>204</td><td>204</td><td>204</td><td>204</td><td></td><td>Р</td><td></td></th2.<></th2.01<>	S18 077-2		2659613.209	6511171.562	36.307	RE Wall 7	ELHO	11/05/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S10 074 Zables 5.99 (51120 0000 40.00 K W W // K W /																					
S18 075-1 2 65697 640 651121 A2 36.88 P KWai 7 ELHO 10052014 1.82 1.10 2.7 5.6 204 204 204 204 <td>S18 076-4</td> <td></td> <td>2659585.599</td> <td>6511200.968</td> <td>40.302</td> <td>RE Wall 7</td> <td>ELHO</td> <td>10/05/2018</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>204</td> <td>204</td> <td>204</td> <td>204</td> <td>204</td> <td></td> <td>Р</td> <td></td>	S18 076-4		2659585.599	6511200.968	40.302	RE Wall 7	ELHO	10/05/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S18 0741 2808 1108 E1111, Ar 33.88 Ke war ELH0 1000 201 1.81 1.88 311 2.7 5.7 2.04 <t< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.39</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	_									1.39											
318 07-4 2608 57.486 651120.42 33.82 RE Wail 7 ELHO 900018 1.73 1.33 34.3 2.7 5.2 204	S18 076-1		2659616.98	6511171.473	35.818	RE Wall 7	ELHO	10/05/2018		1.38	31.1			204	204	204	204	204		Р	
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S18 07-2 2698672.88 6511213.22 30.065 RC Walf ELHO 800208 1.82 1.36 34.2 2.7 3.4 2.04	\$18 075-4		2659575.496	6511204.82	35.882	RE Wall 7	ELHO	9/05/2018	1.79	1.33	34.3	2.7	5.2	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	C10 074 0		2000072 200	6511010 00	25.005			8/0E/2018	1.82	1.36	34.2	2.7	3.3	204	204	204	204	204		P	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	510 0/4-2		2009072.200	0011213.32	35.065		ELHO	0/05/2010	1.82	1.36	34.2	2.7	3.4	204	204	204	204	204		F	
$ \left[\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	S18 074-1		2650507 017	6511104 324	35 101	RE Wall 7	EL HO	8/05/2018	1.86	1.45	28.5	2.7	5.0	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S18 073-6 2859625.74 6511176.005 34.195 RE Wail 7 ELHO 7/05/2016 1.78 1.35 32.0 2.7 6.7 175 190 190 183 P P S18 072-5 2659580.451 6511210.457 33.877 RE Wail 7 ELHO 4/05/2016 1.74 1.29 34.4 2.7 7.8 204	0100741		2000001.011	0011104.024	33.101		LEIIO	0/03/2010	1.86	1.45	28.5	2.7	5.3	204	204	204	204	204		•	
$ \left[\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	S18 073-6		2659625 174	6511178 005	34 195	RF Wall 7	EL HO	7/05/2018	1.79	1.36	32.0	2.7	6.3	175	175	190	190	183		Р	
Sta 0/2-5 2659580.45 6511210.457 3.3.77 RE Wal7 LHO 405/201 1.75 1.30 34.4 2.7 7.0 204 204 204 204 <td></td> <td></td> <td>2000020.111</td> <td>0011110.000</td> <td>01.100</td> <td></td> <td>22110</td> <td>1/00/2010</td> <td>1.78</td> <td>1.35</td> <td>32.0</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>6.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>			2000020.111	0011110.000	01.100		22110	1/00/2010	1.78	1.35	32.0	2.7	6.7			100	100			•	
$ \left[\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	S18 072-5		2659580.451	6511210.457	33.877	RE Wall 7	ELHO	4/05/2018	1.74	1.29	34.4	2.7	7.8	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S18 068-3 2659591.804 611206.018 32.47 RE Wall 7 SABY 27/04/2018 1.67 1.43 30.4 2.7 3.5 175 190 190 204 190 204 190 204 190 204 190 204 190 204 190 204 190 190 204 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 190 190 204 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.75</td><td>1.30</td><td>34.4</td><td>2.7</td><td>7.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></th<>									1.75	1.30	34.4	2.7	7.0							-	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	S18 069-3		2659591.604	6511206.018	32.471	RE Wall 7	SABY	27/04/2018	1.90	1.47	29.0	2.7	3.0	175	190	190	204	190		Р	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									1.87	1.43	30.4	2.7	3.5								
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	S18 068-7		2659583.429	6511210.059	32.504	RE Wall 7	SABY	26/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S8 08-6 26595/1.399 6511216.00/ 32.047 RE Wail 7 SABY 26/04/2018 1.89 1.52 23.8 2.7 7.3 204 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>																					
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	S18 068-6		2659571.399	6511216.007	32.047	RE Wall 7	SABY	26/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $																					
S18 068-3 2659567.834 6511218.755 30.84 RE Wall 7 Far End $SABY$ $26/04/2018$ 1.82 1.36 33.8 2.7 3.5 204	S18 068-4		2659570.2	6511217.272	31.439	RE Wall 7 Far End	SABY	26/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $																					
$ \frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	S18 068-3		2659567.834	6511218.755	30.84	RE Wall 7 Far End	SABY	26/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204	Y	Р	Re-test for s18 068-2
S18 068-2 2659561.364 6511221.766 31.275 RE Wail / Far End SABY 26/04/2018 1.75 1.35 30.0 2.7 9.6 204																					
S18 060-1 2659600.838 6511199.887 30.301 RE Wall 7 CBEN $12/04/2018$ 1.88 1.51 24.4 2.7 7.3 204	S18 068-2		2659561.364	6511221.766	31.275	RE Wall 7 Far End	SABY	26/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		F	Voids
S18 060-1 2659600.838 6511199.887 30.301 RE Wall 7 CBEN 12/04/2018 1.88 1.51 24.4 2.7 7.1 204 <																					
S18 059-5 2659617.834 6511191.659 30.448 RE Wall 7 CBEN 9/04/2018 1.90 1.49 27.9 2.7 3.4 204 204 204 204 204 204 P	S18 060-1		2659600.838	6511199.887	30.301	RE Wall 7	CBEN	12/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S18 059-5 2659617.834 6511191.659 30.448 RE Wall / CBEN 9/04/2018 P																					
	S18 059-5		2659617.834	6511191.659	30.448	RE Wall 7	CBEN	9/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	
																	L				
S18 059-2 2659606.786 6511198.005 30.784 RE Wall 7 CBEN 9/04/2018 1.65 1.49 26.6 2.7 5.2	S18 059-2		2659606.786	6511198.005	30.784	RE Wall 7	CBEN	9/04/2018						204	204	204	204	204		Р	

					-					-	-						-		
S18 028-3	2659555.32	6511042.229	42.615	Gully 4	ELHO	20/02/2018	1.90	1.48	28.9	2.7	2.7	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
				-			1.90	1.47	28.9	2.7	2.8								
S18 008-4	2659529.027	6511046.59	35.652	Gully 4	ELHO	17/01/2018	1.91 1.92	1.50 1.51	27.3 27.3	2.7 2.7	3.7 3.1	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
							1.92	1.40	32.7	2.7	2.4								
S18 007-3	2659517.356	6511055.405	41.058	Gully 4	ELHO	16/01/2018	1.86	1.40	32.7	2.7	2.2	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
047.450.7	0050504 070	0544000 540	00 70 1	0.11.1		04/44/0047	1.84	1.40	31.2	2.7	4.3	004	004	00.1	004			_	
S17 156-7	2659561.373	6511008.518	39.764	Gully 4	CBEN	24/11/2017	1.84	1.40	31.2	2.7	4.2	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
S17 156-6	2659527.696	6511017.641	39.986	Gully 4	CBEN	24/11/2017	1.81	1.39	30.6	2.7	6.1	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
					_		1.82	1.40	30.6	2.7	5.6			-	-	-			
S17 156-5	2659535.061	6511044.424	40.400	Gully 4	CBEN	24/11/2017	1.83	1.46	24.9	2.7	9.5	204	204	204	204	204		Р	
							1.83 1.76	1.47 1.27	24.9 38.9	2.7 2.7	9.1 3.6								
S17 152-6	2659578.946	6511005.271	39.960	Gully 4	CBEN	20/11/2017	1.78	1.27	38.9	2.7	2.9	146	160	160	160	157		Р	
							1.81	1.36	33.0	2.7	4.7								
S17 152-4	2659534.737	6511035.242	39.950	Gully 4	CBEN	20/11/2017	1.80	1.35	33.0	2.7	5.1	146	160	146	175	157		Р	
S17 151-3	2659544 389	6511007.650	39.775	Shear Key 2	CBEN	17/11/2017	1.81	1.35	33.7	2.7	4.2	160	160	175	204	175		Р	
017 101-0	2000044.000	0011007.000	55.775	Official Rey 2	OBEN	17/17/2017	1.81	1.35	33.7	2.7	4.3	100	100	175	204	113			
S17 149-1	2659570.541	6511002.266	40.309	Gully 4	CBEN	15/11/2017	1.88	1.38	36.8	2.7	0.0	146	160	175	190	168		Р	
		I					1.88	1.38	36.8	2.7	0.0								
S17 052-3	2659552.294	6511007.862	38.912	S Gully	CBEN	22/03/2017	1.88	1.43	31.3	2.7	2.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.89 1.84	1.44 1.39	31.3 32.2	2.7 2.7	1.5 3.7								
S17 052-2	2659549.515	6511025.831	39.624	S Gully	CBEN	22/03/2017	1.84	1.39	32.2	2.7	3.9	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
047.050.4	0050540 74	0544040.000	00.045	0.0.1		00/00/0047	1.90	1.48	28.4	2.7	3.0	014	014	011	014	014		_	
S17 052-1	2659519.71	6511018.623	38.315	S Gully	CBEN	22/03/2017	1.91	1.49	28.4	2.7	2.7	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
S17 048-9	2659532.325	6511006.293	38.332	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.88	1.43	31.9	2.7	1.7	214	214	183	183	199		Р	
							1.89	1.43	31.9	2.7	1.4								
S17 048-8	2659542.362	6511028.496	38.976	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.88	1.42	32.1	2.7	1.8	183	177	199	214	193		Р	
							1.89	1.43 1.48	32.1	2.7	1.0								
S17 048-4	2659498.991	6511026.322	37.759	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.96 1.95	1.46	32.7 32.7	2.7 2.7	0.0	214	206	183	214	204		Р	
							1.91	1.47	30.1	2.7	1.4								
S17 048-3	2659541.306	6511010.305	38.347	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.91	1.47	30.1	2.7	1.4	183	183	124	199	172		Р	
S17 048-2	2659528.602	6511032 563	38.163	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.92	1.51	27.4	2.7	2.6	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
	2000020.002	0011002.000	00.100	0 Cully	OBEN	11/00/2011	1.92	1.51	27.4	2.7	2.8	2	2	2	2				
S17 048-10	2659517.493	6511028.504	38.604	S Gully	CBEN	17/03/2017	1.91	1.43	33.9	2.7	0.0	214	214	183	153	191		Р	
				-			1.91	1.43	33.9	2.7	0.0								
S17 047-3	2659537.386	6511007.294	37.509	S Gully	CBEN	16/03/2017	1.85 1.85	1.40 1.40	32.2 32.2	2.7 2.7	3.0 3.1	153	214	214	196	194		Р	
							1.85	1.40	28.4	2.7	2.5								
S17 047-4	2659550.695	6511028.101	38.711	S Gully	CBEN	16/03/2017	1.94	1.51	28.4	2.7	1.1	214	170	214	188	197		Р	
047.047.0	0050540.000	0544045 000	00 447	C Oully		40/00/0047	1.92	1.46	31.4	2.7	0.0	04.4	04.4	01.1	014	04.4		_	
S17 047-6	2659548.298	6511015.699	38.417	S Gully	CBEN	16/03/2017	1.93	1.47	31.4	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
S17 041-7	2659519.678	6511020.281	39.357	Gully 4	CBEN	6/03/2017	1.98	1.56	26.9	2.7	0.4	153	191	199	214	189		Р	
				, -			1.98	1.56	26.9	2.7	0.1							-	
S17 041-8	2659510.611	6511014.29	37.529	Gully 4	CBEN	6/03/2017	1.84	1.44	27.5	2.7	6.8	168	183	214	214	195		Р	
├							1.83	1.43	27.5	2.7	7.4								
S17 041-4	2659521.091	6511034.899	37.917	Gully 4	CBEN	6/03/2017	2.01 2.02	1.66 1.67	21.2	2.7 2.7	3.5 2.8	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
						l	2.02	1.07	21.2	2.1	2.8								

S17 041-2	2659550.165	6510998.849	36.935	Gully 4	CBEN	6/03/2017	1.97	1.57	25.3	2.7	2.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							1.97	1.57	25.3	2.7	2.1							
S17 041-3	2659521.336	6511004.794	36.865	Gully 4	CBEN	6/03/2017	1.94 1.94	1.58 1.58	22.8 22.8	2.7 2.7	5.6 5.2	214	214	137	145	178	Р	
• · - ·						/ /	1.94	1.54	25.9	2.7	3.1							
S17 027-7	2659492.065	6511021.745	36.177	S Gully	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.95	1.55	25.9	2.7	2.5	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 027-8	2659516 965	6511031.654	37.367	S Gully	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.89	1.46	29.5	2.7	3.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
			011001	0 0 0 m.y			1.89	1.46	29.5	2.7	3.0							
S17 027-1	2659491.061	6511240.257	28.819	SW Shear Key	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.92	1.52	26.1	2.7	3.8	176	188	199	214	194	Р	
							1.91 1.88	1.51 1.43	26.1 31.2	2.7 2.7	4.4 2.1							
S17 027-2	2659497.933	6511028.079	36.847	S Gully	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.88	1.43	31.2	2.7	2.2	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 007 0	2050545.000	6511007 005	26.942		ODEN	10/02/2017	1.85	1.37	34.9	2.7	1.2	014	214	014	214	24.4		
S17 027-3	2059515.809	6511027.205	36.843	S Gully	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.86	1.38	34.9	2.7	0.7	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 027-4	2659562.138	6511005.632	36.403	S Gully	CBEN	10/02/2017	1.97	1.58	24.8	2.7	2.5	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							1.97	1.58	24.8	2.7	2.3							
S17 025-3	2659534.316	6511015.759	36.348	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	2.00	1.58	26.2	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							1.99 1.88	1.57 1.45	26.2 29.3	2.7 2.7	0.5 3.8							
S17 025-4	2659554.716	6511004.367	36.028	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.89	1.45	29.3	2.7	3.1	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
017.005.5	0050405.000	0544007.04	00.000			0/00/0047	1.89	1.49	27.5	2.7	4.1	011	011	011	014			
S17 025-5	2659465.963	6511227.34	29.883	NW Undercut	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.89	1.48	27.5	2.7	4.6	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 025-6	2659501.53	6511241.675	28.558	NW Undercut	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.87	1.46	27.7	2.7	5.3	168	183	214	214	195	Р	
					-		1.86	1.46	27.7	2.7	5.6							
S17 025-7	2659510.82	6511017.175	36.225	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.95	1.54	26.2	2.7	2.5	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							1.94 2.02	1.54 1.59	26.2 27.2	2.7 2.7	2.9 0.0							
S17 025-2	2659493.018	6511008.618	35.09	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	2.02	1.60	27.2	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
047.005.40	0050407400	0544000 540	20.005	0.0.111	ODEN	0/00/0047	1.85	1.44	27.9	2.7	6.2	04.4	04.4	014	04.4	04.4		
S17 025-10	2659467.186	6511230.519	30.295	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.84	1.44	27.9	2.7	6.7	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 025-11	2659491.061	6511240.257	28.819	S Gully	CBEN	8/02/2017	1.85	1.46	26.4	2.7	7.3	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
				,			1.83	1.45	26.4	2.7	8.1							
S17 024-2	2659516.899	6511032.496	36.822	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.98	1.58	25.0 25.0	2.7 2.7	1.7	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							2.00 1.95	1.60 1.54	25.0	2.7	0.8 2.7							
S17 024-3	2659524.229	6510999.726	35.251	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.95	1.55	26.0	2.7	2.4	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
S17 024-4	2650457 105	6511215.694	30.644	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.90	1.51	25.7	2.7	5.2	183	168	214	199	191	Р	
317 024-4	2039437.103	0311213.094	30.044	3 Guily		1/02/2017	1.90	1.51	25.7	2.7	5.1	105	100	214	199	191	F	
S17 024-5	2659472.514	6511234.35	28.378	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.89	1.51	25.0	2.7	6.2	214	214	199	214	210	Р	
							1.88	1.51	25.0	2.7	6.6							
S17 024-6	2659501.049	6511241.785	26.378	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.91 1.92	1.50 1.51	27.3 27.3	2.7 2.7	3.7 3.1	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
							1.92	1.36	41.4	2.7	0.0							
S17 024-7	2659489.142	6511240.96	28.153	NW Undercut	ТА	7/02/2017	1.94	1.37	41.4	2.7	0.0	137	145	153	183	155	Р	
S17 024-8	2659467.941	6511231 111	29.211	NW Undercut	ТА	7/02/2017	1.93	1.56	23.8	2.7	5.1	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
517 024-0	2009407.941	0311231.111	23.211			1/02/2017	1.94	1.56	23.8	2.7	4.9	۲14	214	214	۲4	£14		
S17 024-9	2659492.812	6511019.431	35.818	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.93	1.53	25.8	2.7	3.7	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
				· ·			1.93	1.53	25.8	2.7	3.8						 	
S17 024-10	2659516.582	6511022.49	36.578	S Gully	ТА	7/02/2017	1.98	1.60	23.7	2.7	2.9	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
				1			2.00	1.62	23.7	2.7	1.8							

·					1	1	1	1	1	1	1						1	1	1
S17 022-3	2659497.614	6511013.333	35.59	S Gully	ТА	3/02/2017	2.02	1.57	28.6	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							2.04	1.58	28.6	2.7	0.0								
S17 022-4	2659516.852	6511031.194	36.566	S Gully	ТА	3/02/2017	1.98	1.53	29.1	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
	_						1.99	1.54	29.1	2.7	0.0								
S17 022-5	2659539.046	6511006.057	34.994	S Gully	ТА	3/02/2017	1.94 1.94	1.56 1.57	23.9 23.9	2.7 2.7	4.7 4.6	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							2.00	1.62	23.9	2.7	4.0								
S17 020-8	2659504.542	6511015.255	35.757	S Gully	СВ	1/02/2017	2.00	1.61	23.9	2.7	1.6	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.98	1.61	23.0	2.7	3.5							_	
S17 020-5	2659519.378	6511021.547	35.778	S Gully	СВ	1/02/2017	2.00	1.62	23.0	2.7	2.6	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
S17 019-4	2650525 4	6511019.492	35.31	S Gully	СВ	31/01/2017	1.97	1.55	27.0	2.7	0.8	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
317 019-4	2009000.4	0311019.492	55.51	3 Guily	СВ	31/01/2017	1.96	1.55	27.0	2.7	1.0	214	214	214	214	214		F	
S17 019-12	2659491.307	6511009.885	35.041	S Gully	СВ	31/01/2017	1.93	1.55	25.1	2.7	4.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
	2000 10 11001		001011	0 0 0 m.y		0.00.2011	1.92	1.53	25.1	2.7	4.8							-	
S17 019-13	2659543.311	6511010.222	35.091	S Gully	СВ	31/01/2017	1.95	1.56	25.4	2.7	2.9	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.97	1.57	25.4	2.7	2.0								
S17 017-7	2659496.382	6511009.431	34.75	S Gully	ТА	27/01/2017	1.93	1.53	26.3	2.7	3.2	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.92	1.52	26.3	2.7	3.7								
S17 017-8	2659524.661	6511000.411	33.998	S Gully	ТА	27/01/2017	1.90	1.41	34.9 34.9	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	199	210		Р	
							1.87 1.89	1.39 1.44	34.9 31.3	2.7 2.7	0.3 1.5								
S17 017-9	2659537.563	6511007.73	34.264	S Gully	TA	27/01/2017	1.90	1.44	31.3	2.7	1.3	199	186	214	214	203		Р	
							1.95	1.52	28.5	2.7	0.5								
S17 017-3	2659496.942	6511010.271	34.613	S Gully	TA	27/01/2017	1.96	1.53	28.5	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
047.047.4	0050540 470	0544000.040	05.404			07/04/0047	1.95	1.52	28.7	2.7	0.4	100	400			101		_	
S17 017-4	2659519.479	6511023.042	35.491	S Gully	ТА	27/01/2017	1.95	1.52	28.7	2.7	0.4	168	168	214	214	191		Р	
S17 017-5	2659535.444	6511013.03	34.567	S Gully	ТА	27/01/2017	1.87	1.45	28.6	2.7	4.6	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
017 017-0	2000000.444	0011010.00	54.507	O'O'dily	17	21/01/2011	1.86	1.45	28.6	2.7	5.1	214	214	214	214	214		•	
S17 016-9	2659509.178	6511029.781	35.923	S Gully	ТА	26/01/2017	1.89	1.46	29.0	2.7	3.3	153	153	186	214	177		Р	
	_			,			1.90	1.47	29.0	2.7	2.9								
S17 016-10	2659541.766	6510995.885	33.41	S Gully	ТА	26/01/2017	1.91	1.43	32.9	2.7	0.0	137	141	153	168	150		Р	
							1.89	1.42	32.9	2.7	0.4								
S17 016-7	2659524.527	6511008.547	34.034	S Gully	ТА	26/01/2017	1.91	1.45	31.6	2.7 2.7	0.2	147	153	162	186	162		Р	
							1.92 1.89	1.46 1.40	31.6 34.7	2.7	0.0								
S17 015-8	2659517.033	6511027.236	35.393	S Gully	PO	25/01/2017	1.88	1.40	34.7	2.7	0.0 0.0	165	186	186	214	188		Р	
							1.88	1.40	34.9	2.7	0.0								
S17 015-9	2659517.84	6511008.035	34.343	S Gully	PO	25/01/2017	1.89	1.40	34.9	2.7	0.0	168	186	214	214	196		Р	
847.045.40	0050540.070	CE14007.40	22.052	C C	50	25/04/0047	1.93	1.51	27.5	2.7	2.3	014	04.4	04.4	04.4	044		_	
S17 015-10	2659543.878	0511007.12	33.958	S Gully	PO	25/01/2017	1.93	1.51	27.5	2.7	2.4	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
S17 014-5	2659506 069	6511020.806	33.924	S Gully	PO	24/01/2017	1.91	1.42	34.8	2.7	0.0	199	214	214	214	210		Р	
	200000000	0011020.000	00.024	5 Guily			1.94	1.44	34.8	2.7	0.0	100	217	217	217	210		·	
S17 014-12	2659498.947	6511006.04	33.625	S Gully	PO	24/01/2017	1.95	1.50	30.0	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
					-		1.95	1.50	30.0	2.7	0.0								
S17 012-2	2659507.47	6511018.027	33.745	S Gully	PO	20/01/2017	1.98	1.61	23.3	2.7	3.1	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
├ ── ├	_						1.99	1.61	23.3	2.7	2.7								
S17 012-3	2659521.829	6511007.595	32.852	S Gully	PO	20/01/2017	1.96	1.53	28.1	2.7	0.3	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.94	1.51 1.52	28.1	2.7 2.7	1.5								
S17 012-14	2659501.526	6511011.749	33.695	S Gully	PO	20/01/2017	1.95 1.96	1.52	28.5 28.5	2.7	0.4	214	214	214	214	214		Р	
							1.90	1.53	20.0	2.1	0.0	I					I	I	

S17 012-15	2659545.779 6	510995,167	32.332	S Gully	PO	20/01/2017	1.88	1.39	35.3	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
0 0.12 10	20000 1011 10 0		02.002	C C C		20,0 1/20 11	1.88	1.39	35.3	2.7	0.0						-	
S17 011-4	2659543.032 6	511005 969	30.443	S Gully	PO	18/01/2017	1.96	1.54	27.4	2.7	0.8	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
017 011 4	2000040.002	511005.505	30.443	C Cully	10	10/01/2017	1.96	1.54	27.4	2.7	0.8	214	214	214	214	214	•	
S17 011-11	2659514.228 6	511014 944	33.772	S Gully	PO	18/01/2017	1.98	1.54	28.7	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
317 011-11	2059514.228	511014.044	55.112	3 Guily	FU	10/01/2017	1.97	1.53	28.7	2.7	0.0	214	214	214	214	214	Г	
S17 010-7	2659539.786 6	511009 514	32.598	S Gully	PO	17/01/2017	1.90	1.51	25.4	2.7	5.6	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
317 010-7	2009009.780	511006.514	32.590	3 Guily	FU	17/01/2017	1.91	1.52	25.4	2.7	5.0	214	214	214	214	214	F	
S17 010-8	2659507.168 6	511017 /8/	33.624	S Gully	PO	17/01/2017	1.98	1.57	25.7	2.7	1.3	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
317 010-0	2039307.100 0	511017.404	55.024	5 Guily	10	17/01/2017	1.99	1.58	25.7	2.7	0.9	214	214	214	214	214	F	
S17 010-13	2659516.906	511005 565	32.839	S Gully	PO	17/01/2017	1.92	1.56	23.1	2.7	6.3	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
317 010-13	2059510.900 0	511005.505	32.039	3 Guily	FU	17/01/2017	1.93	1.57	23.1	2.7	5.8	214	214	214	214	214	Г	
S17 009-14	2659510.999 6	511012 007	32.955	S Gully	PO	16/01/2017	1.96	1.55	26.4	2.7	1.8	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
317 009-14	2039310.999 0	511012.007	32.933	3 Guily	FO	10/01/2017	1.96	1.55	26.4	2.7	1.7	214	214	214	214	214	F	
S16 185-8	2659524.708 6	510066 180	22.729	North Gully	ТА	13/12/2016	1.85	1.43	29.1	2.7	5.3	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
510 105-0	2039324.700 0	510900.109	22.129	North Gully	IA	13/12/2010	1.85	1.43	29.1	2.7	5.3	214	214	214	214	214	F	
S16 185-6	2659517.258 6	511042 602	36.819	Above North Gully	ТА	13/12/2016	1.84	1.37	34.7	2.7	1.9	214	214	214	214	214	Р	
510 105-0	2039317.230 0	511045.092	30.019	10000 North Gully	IA	13/12/2010	1.84	1.37	34.7	2.7	1.8	214	214	214	214	214	F	



Job: Precent 5 Arrans Hill

Client: Tonkin & Taylor

Job #	21854.0031
Entered By	CBEN
Checked By	JLON
Approved By	

				GPS Coordination				Test Type		NDM 0 ⁰			NDM 90 ⁰		A	ERAGE ND	N	Solid		Final Co	prrected		Shear V	ane Read	ing (kPa)		PASS / FAIL	
URN	Tech.	Date	Location				Material		Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Density (t/m ³)	Oven Moisture	Oven Dry	Average	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	Average	Retest URN (P) Pass	Comments
				Easting	Northing	RL		NDM / SV	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Assumed	content (%)	Density (t/m ³)	Air Voids (%)	1	2	3	4	SV (4 x Tests)	(F) Fail	
S19 036-1	JLON	20/02/2019	RE Wall 4	2659532.272	6510925.491	28.783	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.76	33.9	7.0	1.75	33.5	7.3	1.75	33.7	7.2	2.7	34.5	1.30	6.7	154	184	184	215	184	р	
S19 047-2	JLON	6/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659441.675	6511022.006	33.119	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	33.5	3.6	1.82	30.8	5.4	1.82	32.2	4.5	2.7	33.7	1.36	3.5	154	154	144	169	155	Р	
S19 047-3	JLON	6/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659454.149	6511016.943	34.089	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.77	37.6	4.0	1.77	41.3	1.8	1.77	39.5	2.9	2.7	40.0	1.26	2.6	169	184	154	154	165	Р	
S19 048-1	JLON	7/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659448.881	6511024.736	34.763	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		31.7	6.7	1.78	32.0	7.0	1.78	31.9	6.8	2.7	30.5	1.37	7.7	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	Р	
S19 048-4	JLON	7/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659478.794	6511008.884	35.52	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		31.2	6.5	1.80	32.7	5.6	1.80	32.0	6.0	2.7	32.2	1.36	5.9	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 049-1	JLON	8/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659469.176	6511017.908	35.93	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	38.4	1.0	1.81	38.5	1.1	1.82	38.5	1.0	2.7	31.8	1.38	5.2	193	193	193	193	193	Р	
\$19 050-2	JLON	11/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659549.738	6510991.009	36.539	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.77	31.9	7.4	1.77	30.9	8.0	1.77	31.4	7.7	2.7	33.1	1.33	6.6	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 050-3	JLON	11/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659507.869	6511002.285	36.485	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.88	29.1	3.5	1.90	28.5	2.9	1.89	28.8	3.2	2.7	26.7	1.50	4.7	184	184	169	184	180	р	
S19 051-1	JLON	12/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659473.435	6511018.081	37.636	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.87	31.6	2.6	1.87	31.5	2.4	1.87	31.6	2.5	2.7	32.8	1.41	1.7	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	Р	
S19 051-5	JLON	12/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659516.231	6511003.076	37.728	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.88	29.6	3.3	1.90	28.8	3.1	1.89	29.2	3.2	2.7	30.6	1.45	2.2	184	184	215	169	188	Р	
S19 052-1	JLON	13/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659552.946	6510994.149	38.484	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.74	33.4	7.9	1.74	34.0	7.7	1.74	33.7	7.8	2.7	35.8	1.28	6.5	169	200	200	184	188	р	
S19 052-3	JLON	13/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659493.021	6511009.635	38.791	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.87	27.0	5.6	1.88	29.3	3.3	1.88	28.2	4.5	2.7	26.8	1.48	5.4	215	184	215	184	200	Р	
S19 053-1	JLON	14/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659509.702	6511007.239	39.104	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.79	31.5	6.9	1.80	29.5	7.5	1.79	30.5	7.2	2.7	29.3	1.39	8.0	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 053-2	JLON	14/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659560.011	6510994.425	38.216	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.84	26.3	8.0	1.85	27.2	6.6	1.84	26.8	7.3	2.7	27.9	1.44	6.5	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 055-1	SAWE	15/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659521.648	6511006.781	39.499	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.81	30.6	6.3	1.80	30.5	6.6	1.81	30.6	6.5	2.7	31.4	1.37	5.9	184	200	184	215	196	P	
S19 055-2	SAWE	15/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659508.179	6511008.403	40.25	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.81	30.4	6.3	1.81	30.3	6.8	1.81	30.3	6.6	2.7	31.4	1.37	6.0	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 055-4	SAWE	15/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659566.201	6510995.931	40.677	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		33.8	7.1	1.76	33.7	6.8	1.76	33.8	6.9	2.7	32.2	1.33	7.9	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 056-1	SAWE	16/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659526.565	6511004.254	41.194	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.78	31.3	7.4	1.80	31.5	6.0	1.79	31.4	6.7	2.7	36.4	1.31	3.5	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 056-2	SAWE	16/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659565.247	6510997.753	40.067	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.80	30.6	7.0	1.81	30.7	6.3	1.80	30.7	6.6	2.7	29.8	1.39	7.2	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 057-1	SAWE	18/03/2019	REWall 4	2659513.281	6511010.773	42.153	clavev SILT	NDM / SV	1.89	26.8	4.6	1.90	26.5	4.5	1.90	26.7	4.6	2.7	24.8	1.52	6.0	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 057-2	SAWE	18/03/2019	REWall 4	2659566.069	6510998 214	42 668	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	36.9	1.6	1.82	37.6	1.1	1.82	37.3	1.4	2.7	37.2	1.33	1.4	215	215	215	215	215	P	
\$19 057-4	SAWE	18/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659550.785	6511002.381	43.076	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	32.5	4.7	1.82	32.9	4.3	1.82	32.7	4.5	2.7	35.9	1.34	2.4	215	215	215	215	215	P	
S19 058-1	JLON	19/03/2019	RE Wall 4	2659510.44	6511013.514	44.295	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.84	29.6	5.2	1.83	28.8	6.3	1.84	29.2	5.8	2.7	28.7	1.43	6.1	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 060-1	JLON	26/03/2019	Undercut Bellow RE Wall 8	2659515.785	6511237.417	28.348	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.87	24.1	7.9	1.88	24.2	7.3	1.88	24.2	7.6	2.7	24.9	1.50	7.0	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 060-2	JLON	26/03/2019	Undercut Bellow RE Wall 8	2659522.555	6511231.762	29.179	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.87	26.5	5.9	1.90	24.1	6.4	1.89	25.3	6.1	2.7	24.0	1.52	7.1	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	р	
S19 061-1	JLON	27/03/2019	Undercut Bellow RE Wall 8	2659491.296	6511232.81	27.431	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.78	32.2	6.6	1.79	31.9	6.4	1.79	32.1	6.5	2.7	29.8	1.38	8.0	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 061-2	JLON	27/03/2019	Undercut Bellow RE Wall 8	2659478.524	6511228.342	26.929	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.85	26.8	6.6	1.86	27.4	6.0	1.86	27.1	6.3	2.7	26.3	1.47	6.9	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	UTP	р	
S19 061-3	JLON	27/03/2019	Undercut Bellow RE Wall 8	2659502.702	6511231.694	27.575	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.88	26.5	5.7	1.86	25.9	7.2	1.87	26.2	6.4	2.7	24.3	1.50	7.9	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 065-1	JLON	4/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659501.63	6511243.714	28.379	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.89	27.9	3.9	1.89	28.4	3.7	1.89	28.2	3.8	2.7	28.4	1.47	3.6	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 066-1	JLON	5/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659528.16	6511236.344	29.764	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.91	28.7	2.6	1.88	28.2	4.4	1.89	28.5	3.5	2.7	27.1	1.49	4.5	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 066-2	JLON	5/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659466.46	6511232.933	30.345	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.90	30.7	1.6	1.91	27.3	3.7	1.90	29.0	2.6	2.7	28.7	1.48	2.8	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 067-1	JLON	9/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659496.551	6511241.128	30.715	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.80	30.8	6.5	1.82	31.9	4.7	1.81	31.4	5.6	2.7	29.7	1.40	6.7	215	215	215	215	215	р	
S19 068-1	JLON	10/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659518.811	6511235.936	31.237	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.85	30.5	4.3	1.83	32.0	4.1	1.84	31.3	4.2	2.7	27.4	1.45	6.9	169	184	215	215	196	Р	
S19 068-2	JLON	10/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659474.741	6511233.476	31.601	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.85	30.3	4.4	1.85	29.4	5.0	1.85	29.9	4.7	2.7	27.2	1.45	6.6	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 069-1	JLON	15/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659499.649	6511234.403	32.003	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.89	30.2	2.4	1.88	27.8	4.6	1.88	29.0	3.5	2.7	30.7	1.44	2.3	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 069-2	JLON	15/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659462.064	6511223.763	32.612	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.86	28.7	5.0	1.87	29.0	4.2	1.87	28.9	4.6	2.7	27.7	1.46	5.4	215	215	215	215	215	Р	
S19 070-1	CBEN	16/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659504.552	6511237.811	33.12	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.83	29.1	6.3	1.81	29.6	6.7	1.82	29.4	6.5	2.7	32.9	1.37	4.2	154	184	169	154	165	Р	
S19 070-2	CBEN	16/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659495.384	6511222.687	32.853	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.89	29.7	2.6	1.89	28.4	3.6	1.89	29.1	3.1	2.7	33.1	1.42	0.3	154	154	169	169	162	Р	
S19 071-1	CBEN	17/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659477.711	6511228.464	35.034	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.84	27.7	6.7	1.84	27.3	7.2	1.84	27.5	7.0	2.7	28.1	1.43	6.5	138	215	154	169	169	Р	
S19 071-2	CBEN	17/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659526.478	6511231.32	33.552	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.88	31.4	1.8	1.89	28.9	3.4	1.89	30.2	2.6	2.7	32.2	1.43	1.2	154	138	184	154	158	Р	
S19 072-1	CBEN	18/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659510.488	6511232.387	34.089	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	27.9	7.5	1.83	28.5	6.7	1.83	28.2	7.1	2.7	28.6	1.42	6.8	152	138	132	165	147	Р	
S19 073-1	CBEN	26/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659479.69	6511227.444	34.634	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.87	33.0	1.6	1.85	35.8	0.7	1.86	34.4	1.1	2.7	34.2	1.39	1.3	184	215	215	215	207	Р	
S19 073-2	CBEN	26/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659509.384	6511234.321	34.659	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.76	33.9	6.5	1.76	33.2	7.1	1.76	33.6	6.8	2.7	37.0	1.29	4.8	154	169	184	215	181	Р	
S19 073-1	CBEN	29/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659527.633	6511226.651	35.439	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.82	35.7	2.2	1.82	37.9	1.1	1.82	36.8	1.7	2.7	39.4	1.31	0.1	154	169	169	154	162	Р	
S19 073-2	CBEN	29/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659506.649	6511220.941	35.5	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.83	35.2	2.0	1.83	36.3	1.8	1.83	35.8	1.9	2.7	34.1	1.36	2.9	169	169	154	169	165	Р	
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Job: Precent 5 Arrans Hill	Job #	21854.0031
	Entered By	CBEN
Client: Tonkin & Taylor	Checked By	JLON
	Approved By	

				GPS Coordination Test T					NDM 0 ⁰			NDM 90 ⁰		A	AVERAGE NDM		Solid		Final C	Corrected		Shear V	ane Read	ing (kPa)		F	PASS / FAIL		
URN	Tech.	Date	Location				Material		Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Wet	Moisture	Air Voids	Density (t/m ³)	Oven Moisture	Oven Dry		Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	Average SV (4 x	t URN	(P) Pass	Comments
				Easting	Northing	RL		NDM / SV	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Density (t/m ³)	Content (%)	(%)	Assumed	content (%)	Density (t/m ³)	Air Voids (%)	1	2	3	4	SV (4 x Tests)		(F) Fail	
S19 074-1	CBEN	30/04/2019	RE Wall 8	2659481.609	6511228.614	36.111	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.76	36.9	5.1	1.75	35.3	6.3	1.76	36.1	5.7	2.7	36.4	1.29	5.5	165	152	138	193	162		Р	
S19 075-1	CBEN	1/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659478.492	6511224.959	36.524	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.78	35.4	4.8	1.78	33.2	6.0	1.78	34.3	5.4	2.7	40.0	1.27	2.0	154	169	154	184	165		Р	
S19 076-1	CBEN	2/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659506.728	6511227.273	37.832	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.73	38.7	5.4	1.72	37.2	6.7	1.73	38.0	6.1	2.7	38.0	1.25	6.0	193	193	193	193	193		Р	
	CBEN	3/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659527.843	6511217.883	36.943	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		30.7	3.9	1.85	30.6	4.3	1.85	30.7	4.1	2.7	33.3	1.39	2.4	152	165	152	193	166		Р	
S19 078-1	CBEN	6/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659498.821	6511226.385	38.449	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		31.3	5.8	1.81	33.0	4.9	1.81	32.2	5.3	2.7	33.7	1.35	4.3	138	193	165	193	172		P	
	CBEN	6/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659504.902	6511212.539	39.321	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		31.6	5.7	1.81	31.5	5.5	1.81	31.6	5.6	2.7	33.3	1.36	4.5	138	132	152	138	140		P	
S19 079-1	CBEN	7/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659494.892	6511214.624	38.805	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		30.3	4.8	1.82	31.4	5.1	1.83	30.9	4.9	2.7	30.5	1.40	_	138	132	132	165	143		P	
S19 079-1	CBEN	7/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659526.37	6511214.624	39.661	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		28.1	4.0 7.3	1.82	30.6	5.3	1.83	29.4	4.9 6.2	2.7	30.5	1.40	_	136	165	132	138	145		P	
S19 0/9-2 S19 080-1	CBEN	8/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659519.653	6511208.581	39.861		NDM / SV		33.2	5.3	1.03	33.8	5.0	1.80	33.5	5.1	2.7	34.8	1.40	-	193	165	138	138	145		P	
		8/05/2019					clayey SILT	_													_								
	CBEN	9/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659504.056	6511188.797	38.771	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		31.8	6.4	1.80	32.6	5.6	1.80	32.2	6.0	2.7	32.7	1.35		165	152	138	138	148		Р	
	CBEN	9/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659499.664	6511195.577	40.196	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		37.0	3.9	1.78	37.6	3.4	1.78	37.3	3.6	2.7	38.2	1.29		179	152	152	165	162		Р	
-	CBEN	21/05/2019	RE Wall 8	2659527.246	6511194.506	46.465	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		34.7	5.6	1.77	32.4	7.0	1.77	33.6	6.3	2.7	37.7	1.29	_	138	152	165	152	152		Р	
	CBEN		NW Pond	2659430.781	6511061.376	35.844	clayey SILT	NDM / SV		37.8	3.2	1.79	38.0	2.6	1.79	37.9	2.9	2.7	43.3	1.25	0.0	138	138	165	124	141		Р	
S19 087-4	CBEN	21/05/2019	NW Pond	2659439.853	6511056.867	36.77	clayey SILT	NDM / SV	1.80	38.1	2.2	1.77	40.0	2.4	1.79	39.1	2.3	2.7	43.6	1.24	0.0	152	138	138	138	142		Р	
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